



Report

Article 32 of the Indian Constitution and Right to Constitutional Remedies

Speaker : Prof. D.rJatindra Kumar Das

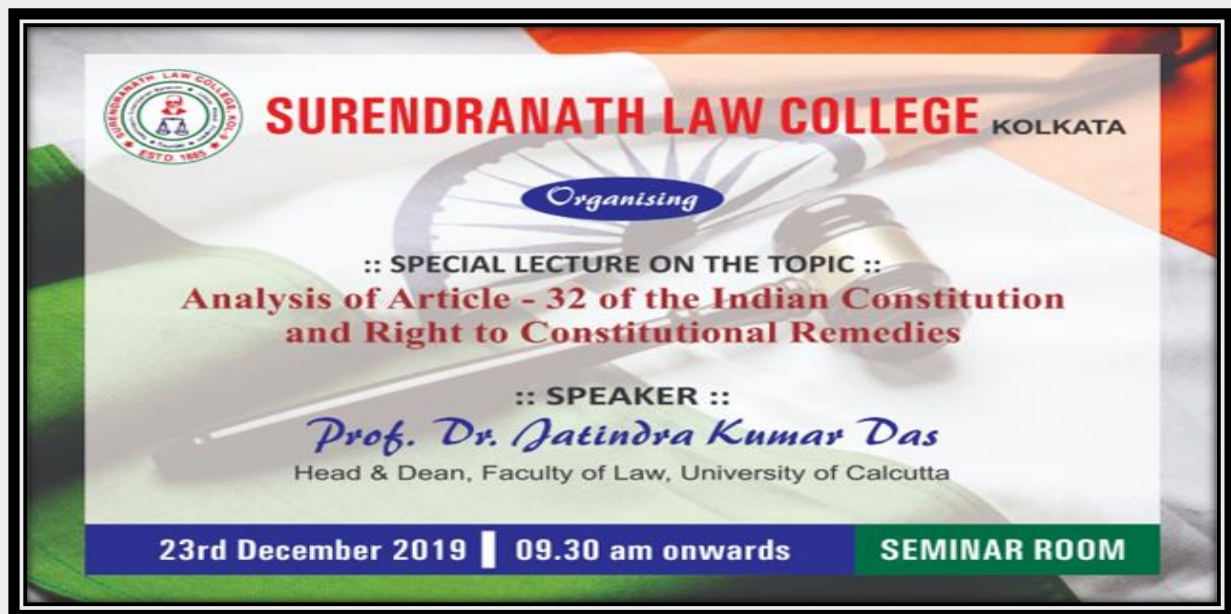
Date :23.12.2019

Surendranath Law College

24/2 Mahatma Gandhi Road
Kolkata-700 009

<https://snlawcollege.ac.in>

BROCHURE



ABOUT THE COLLEGE

Surendranath Law College, a Calcutta University Affiliated College, was established in the year 1885, by Nationalist, Educationalist, Leader and Scholar Surendranath Banerjee, with the view to facilitate an infrastructure essential for the study of law. The establishment of Surendranath Law College was a pivotal move, for Indian Legal Education system as it is one of the oldest Law College in British India, and it has exemplified professional competence, social importance and academic excellence. Surendranath Law College carries the legacy of nurturing Leadership, Ascendancy and Superintendence in the heart of the future renowned revolutionist. Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Indian independence activist, lawyer, scholar and subsequently, the first President of India was the alumni of Surendranath Law College.

- **SCOPE OF THE SEMINAR**

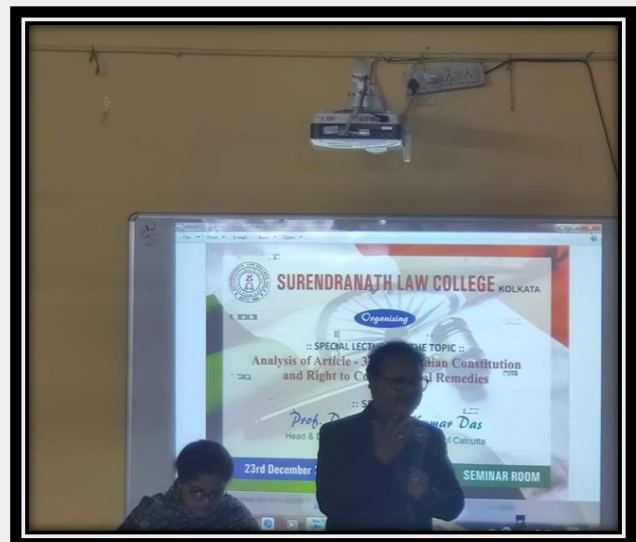
Article 32 of the Indian Constitution gives the right to individuals to move to the Supreme Court to seek justice when they feel that their right has been unduly violated. The Apex court is given authority to issue directions or orders for the execution of any of the rights provided by the constitution. This is why Article 32 is considered the protector and guarantor of Fundamental Rights. As Dr. Ambedkar stated that "If I was asked to name any particular article in this constitution as the most important – an article without which this constitution would be a nullity. I could not refer to any other article except this one". Keeping this view in mind, Surendranath Law

College has organised one special lecture on 23rd December 2019 solely dedicated to this most important article Prof. Dr.Jatindra Kumar Das, Head and Dean, Faculty of Law, University of Calcutta has thrown right to the Article. He explained different kind's writs, expansion of locus standi, objectives of this article in a very informative and pleasant manner. Students from 3rd Semester onwards attended this lecture.

- **OUTCOME**

They have expressed their opinions, questions also. The lecture was indeed very beneficial for them.

PICTURES OF THE EVENT



ATTENDANCE

27. Pimpa Adhikari (9sem)
25. Dibakar Dalu (5 Sem)
29. Binita Tapadar (3rd Sem)
Dulav De (9th Sem)
Biswajit Neekajee (9th Sem)
Harvir Jaiswal (9th Sem)
Rahul Sarkari (9th Sem)
Payel Saha (3rd Sem)
Susmita Maity (3rd Sem)
Sneeparna Adhikari (3rd Sem)
Sneeta Hasu (9th Sem) 20
Dishani Ray (9th Sem) 22
Monisha Acharya (9th Sem) 34
Pausali Chakraborty (9th Sem) 60
Suhrid Dutta (5th Sem) 60
Arijit Bose (5th Sem) 54
Maria Sharwaru (5th Sem) - 27
Anjali Roy (5th Sem) - 29
Syed Imtiaz (5th Sem) - 88
Swarnali Ghosh (5th Sem) - 70
Kash Sarkar (5th Sem) - 84
Mastha Anand (5th Sem) - 61
Arjun Loskar (5th Sem) - 120
Hrinmay Dv (3rd Sem) - 17
Biswajit Modhu (5th Sem) - 20