

2024

ENGLISH - II

Paper : P - I

Full Marks : 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Group - A

1. Correct **any ten** of the following sentences. If there is no correction, write 'No Correction' : 1×10
- (a) The examinee has to select *any one* of the alternative.
 - (b) The officer treats his subordinates in contempt.
 - (c) The two victors shared the prize money among themselves.
 - (d) The commander-in-chiefs have decided to retreat.
 - (e) The car took an U-turn and skidded to a halt.
 - (f) Each of the students have been warned by the headmaster.
 - (g) Please return back the book I gave you last week.
 - (h) He asked me that when he could come and meet me.
 - (i) I want you to accompany with me to the theatre.
 - (j) A burned child dreads the fire.
 - (k) She is desirous to go abroad.
 - (l) Jenzing and Hillary Climbed the Mount Everest.
2. Transform the following sentences as directed (**any six**) : 1×6
- (a) The leader said, 'In unity is strength'. (Change into indirect speech).
 - (b) The patient is so physically weak that she cannot feed on her own. (Rewrite using 'too').
 - (c) As soon as the soldier spotted the enemy, he fired. (Rewrite using 'No sooner... than').
 - (d) Let the windows be shut immediately. (Change into active voice).
 - (e) Mother Teresa is one of the most compassionate women I know. (Change into positive degree).
 - (f) It is unwise to exercise after a heavy meal. (Rewrite using gerund).
 - (g) On my trip to the USA, I met _____ NASA Scientist (Insert indefinite article).
 - (h) He must work hard to make up for the last time. (Change into compound sentence).

Please Turn Over

3. Supply one-word substitutes for *any four* of the following :

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- (a) A doctor who treats disorders of the brain and nervous system.
- (b) A period of one thousand years.
- (c) Life story of a person written by Somebody else.
- (d) The hobby of collecting stamps.
- (e) Murder of one's own self.
- (f) A general hatred or contempt of mankind.

Group - B

4. You are XYZ staying at 1 ABC Road; DEF Nagar; Kolkata 700001. Do not write your name or any personal information in response to the question below :

Write a letter :

- (a) To the Inspector-in-Charge of LMN Police Station requesting him to lodge a General Diary in Connection with theft of a valuable camera. 20

Or,

- (b) To the Advertiser who has advertised in *The Hindustan Times* for an Editor a books on law. Also attach your C.V. 20

Or,

- (c) To the Editor of *The Hindu* drawing attention to the rise in price of essential commodities and the need for adopting controlling measures. 20

Group - C

5. Write a précis of the following passage and add a suitable title :

12+4

Although epics have appeared all over the world in different periods of history, their narratives can often be remarkably similar. Normally an epic poem will involve a hero (usually male) who sets off on a journey, more often than not a physical journey like 'The Odyssey' or 'The Epic of Gilgamesh'. Sometimes the journey can be more psychological, in 'The Iliad', the hero Achilles goes through an immense emotional journey.

Our heroes, across their journeys, will more than often find themselves coming across a variety of terrifying obstacles. Sometimes in the form of wild beasts and sometimes from the many gods and goddesses who tended to meddle in the lives of ancient heroes. These obstacles feature often in epic poems as a chance to show the audience how brave, strong or noble the poem's hero is. On rare occasions, an epic poem may use an obstacle to expose a flaw or weakness in the hero, this would normally occur towards the beginning of a poem, to show how the hero grows on their journey.

One motivating factor for these heroes is that of fame and glory, epic heroes wish to be remembered for eternity. As a result, they defy the gods and fight monsters, leaving home for lengthy periods hoping to return and be adored. The lives of these heroes are often short but their aim is to be remembered for their outstanding acts of bravery by later generations.

Group - D

6. Write explanatory notes on *any four* of the following in latin terms : 3×4
- (a) Functus Officio
 - (b) In Rem
 - (c) Mandamus
 - (d) Estoppel
 - (e) Res judicata
 - (f) De Jure.
7. Write explanatory notes on *any four* of the following in English terms : 3×4
- (a) Petition
 - (b) Alternative Dispute Resolution
 - (c) Garnishee
 - (d) Jurisprudence
 - (e) Revenue Matter
 - (f) Injunction.
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2024

POLITICAL SCIENCE - II

Paper : P - II

Full Marks : 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Answer *any five* questions.

1. Distinguish between Parliamentary and Presidential form of Government. Is the Indian Government Presidential or Parliamentary? 10+6
2. Discuss the characteristics of Unitary form of Government, also mention its merits and demerits. What are the differences between Unitary and Federal form of Government? 10+6
3. What is Dictatorship? What are its characteristic features? Distinguish between Dictatorship and Democracy. 4+4+8
4. Discuss The Theory of Separation of Powers. How far is it applicable in India? 8+8
5. State the main arguments for and against Universal Adult Franchise. 8+8
6. What is Political Party? Are political parties indispensable in a democracy? Explain. 6+10
7. Define Public Opinion. What are the agencies of public opinion? State the importance of public opinion in a modern democratic state. 4+6+6
8. Discuss the functions of Judiciary as an important organ in a modern state. How is the independence of the Judiciary safeguarded in a modern state? 6+10
9. Define Democracy. Evaluate the merits and demerits of Democracy. 4+6+6
10. Write notes on *any two* : 8×2
 - (a) Pressure Group
 - (b) Women Suffrage
 - (c) Multi Party System
 - (d) Conditions necessary for the success of a federation.

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SOCIOLOGY - II

Paper : P - III

Full Marks : 80

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as far as practicable.*

Answer **any five** questions.

1. (a) What is Jajmani system?
(b) Discuss the merits and demerits of this system. 8+8
2. (a) Write down the characteristics of village economy in Pre-British period.
(b) Discuss briefly the land ownership pattern during this period. 10+6
3. (a) Write down the reasons behind the growth of rural poverty and indebtedness during British period.
(b) Write a note on commercialization of agriculture during British rule. 10+6
4. (a) India is a land of unity in diversity. Explain.
(b) State the different factors endangering unity in India today. 8+8
5. (a) Discuss the characteristics of traditional joint family in India.
(b) What are the different causes of the breakdown of joint family system in India? 6+10
6. (a) Discuss the essential features of the caste system in India.
(b) Do you think that the Indian caste system will wither away in future? 10+6
7. (a) Who are Scheduled Castes?
(b) Discuss the conditions of Scheduled Castes in India.
(c) Write down different measures taken by the Government of India to ameliorate the conditions of Scheduled Castes in India. 4+6+6
8. (a) What is meant by 'Modernisation'?
(b) Discuss different factors that lead to Modernisation. 6+10
9. (a) What change do you notice in the position of women in post-independence period?
(b) What measures do you suggest to improve the condition of women in India? 8+8

Please Turn Over

10. Write short notes on *any two* of the following :

8×2

- (a) Reasons behind the breakdown of traditional village self-sufficiency during British rule
- (b) Caste and Varna
- (c) Impact of Caste System on Indian politics
- (d) Sanskritisation
- (e) Effects of industrialisation on Indian society.

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SPECIAL CONTRACT

Paper : P-IV

Full Marks : 80

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Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer *any five* questions.

1. (a) Define contract of indemnity.
(b) Explain continuing guarantee and revocation of continuing guarantee.
(c) Write on ways in which a surety may be discharged from his liability. 3+3+10
 2. (a) Write a note on duties of bailee.
(b) Write a note on rights of bailee. 8+8
 3. (a) Explain 'ingredients of contract of bailment' with the help of statutory provisions and decided case laws.
(b) Define 'Pawnee'. What are the 'rights of a Pawnee'? 6+10
 4. (a) Explain essentials of valid ratification.
(b) Write down circumstances when agent becomes personally bound. 8+8
 5. Discuss 'test for determining existence of partnership' with the help of legal provisions and decided case laws. 16
 6. (a) Explain the statement 'partnership not created by status'.
(b) Explain the statement 'particular partnership'. 8+8
 7. Write a note on 'minors admitted to the benefits of partnership' with the help of legal provisions and judicial decisions. 16
 8. Explain 'Doctrine of holding out' with the help of legal provisions and judicial decisions. 16
 9. Discuss essential features of a 'contract of sale' with the help of legal provisions and decided case laws. 16
 10. Discuss 'distinction between condition and warranty' with the help of legal provisions and decided case laws. 16
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FAMILY LAW - II

Paper : P-V

Full Marks : 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Answer *any five* questions.

1. (a) Explain, in brief, the characteristics of the different schools of Muslim Law.
(b) Point out the origin of Mohammedan Law. 12+4
2. (a) What do you mean by 'Option of Puberty' under Muslim Law?
(b) What is the period of Iddat in Muslim Law?
(c) Discuss the validity of the following marriages : 4+4+(2×4)
 - (i) During the Nikah ceremony there was only one male witness present.
 - (ii) In a Muslim Marriage the offer (Ijab) made by the groom was accepted (Qubul) by the bride after one week.
 - (iii) Marriage held without religious ceremony.
 - (iv) In a Nikah ceremony the dower (Mahr) was not specified.
3. (a) What is the importance of Dower in Mohammedan Law?
(b) What legal remedies are available to a wife under Muslim Law if her husband fails to pay the Dower (Mahr)?
(c) What are the legal implications if the dower is not specified at the time of marriage? 4+8+4
4. (a) Define Hiba. What do you mean by Conditional Gift and Gift with Condition?
(b) State the cases where actual delivery of possession is not required to make a gift under Mohammedan Law. 8+8
5. (a) Define 'Wakf' under Mohammedan Law.
(b) Explain Private Wakf and Public Wakf.
(c) A Wakf was created by Mr. Ahmed for the purpose of running a general degree college for girls. The demands of the community have changed over time, and there is currently a higher need for technical college. Can the object of the Wakf be legally changed from general degree college to technical college? Discuss the conditions under which the object of a Wakf can be altered according to Mohammedan Law. 4+8+4

Please Turn Over

6. (a) Explain different forms of Talaq under Mohammedan Law. 8+8
(b) Distinguish between Khula and Mubarat.
7. (a) Discuss the grounds of divorce under the Divorce Act, 1869. 12+4
(b) What do you mean by Alimony Pendente Lite under the Divorce Act, 1869?
8. (a) Discuss the grounds on which court can pass a decree of Judicial Separation under Divorce Act, 1869. 8+8
(b) What are the differences between Divorce and Judicial Separation?
9. (a) What is Succession Certificate under the Indian Succession Act, 1925? 4+4+8
(b) Who can grant Succession Certificate?
(c) What are the essential element of Succession Certificate?
10. Write short notes on : 4×4
(a) Probate
(b) Letter of Administration
(c) Executor
(d) Administration Pendente Lite.
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