

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

**Syllabus &  
Question Bank  
Semester VI**

## **Syllabus for Semester VI**

- **Paper 1** ~ Political Science VI
- **Paper 2** ~ Law of Crimes II
- **Paper 3** ~ Civil Procedure Code & Limitation
- **Paper 4** ~ Law of Copyright

### **Paper 1 ~ Political Science VI** **United Nations Organisations**

1. Purposes & Principles
2. Principal Organs :
  - (a) General Assembly : Compositions, Functions, Role & Voting Procedure
  - (b) Security Council : Composition, Function, Role & Voting Procedure
  - (c) International Court of Justice : Appointment of Judge, Jurisdiction & Contemporary Role.
  - (d) Economic & Social Council : Composition, Functions & Present Role
  - (e) Trusteeship Council : Composition, Functions & Present Status
  - (f) Secretariat : Composition, Appointment Procedure, Power, Functions and Role of Security Council.
3. Success & Failure of United Nations Organization
4. The Specialised Agencies under United Nations Organisation : IBRD, UNESCO, UNICEF, WHO, UNCTAD, FAO, IMF & ILO
5. The UNO & Human Rights
6. The UNO & The problems of peace keeping & Evaluation
7. Disarmament & Arms Control
8. Revision of the UN Charter

### **Paper 2 ~ Law of Crimes II** **Code of Criminal Procedure**

1. Preliminary
2. Power of Court
3. Arrest of Persons

4. Process to Compel Appearance
5. Process to Compel in Production of things
6. Security for keeping the peace & for good behaviour
7. Order for maintenance of Wives, Children & Parents
8. Maintenance of public Order & Tranquillity
9. Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in inquiries & Trial
10. Complaints to Magistrate
11. Charges
12. Trial before the Sessions court
13. Judgement
14. Appeals
15. Reference & Revision
16. Provisions as to Bail & Bonds

### **Paper 3 ~ Civil Procedure Code & Limitation**

#### A. The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908

- (a) Preliminary
- (b) Jurisdiction of the court & Res Judicata , Place of Action, Institution of Suits, Judgement & Decree & Costs
- (c) Execution of Decree & Attachment
- (d) Incidental Proceeding : Commissions, Suits by or Against Government or Public Officer & Inter-pleader Suit

#### 6. Reference, Review & Revision

#### 7. The First Schedule:

- Order I -Parties to Suit
- Order II - Frame of Suit
- Order IV - Institution of Suit
- Order V -Issue of Services of Summons
- Order XI - Discovery & Inspection
- Order XXI - Rule 1-40, 41-57, Execution of Orders

Order XXVI - Commissions

Order XXXIX -Temporary injunctions & Interlocutory Orders

and

Order XL - 10-12, 22A, 24-31

B. The Limitation Act

## **Paper 4 ~ Law of Copyright**

1. Introduction
  - a.The object of Copyright Law
  - b.Nature and Meaning of Copyright
  - c.Subject matter of Copyright
  - d.Copyright and International Convention
2. Author, Ownership & Copyright
3. Performers & Broadcasting Rights
4. Copyright in Information & Communication Technology
5. Copyright Board & Registrar of Copyright
6. Registration of Copyright
7. Assignment & Transfer of copyright
8. Licenses & Publication
9. Infringement & Remedies

## **HONOURS**

Paper - I: Offences against Child and Juvenile Offences.

Pape - II: Gender Justice and Feminist Jurisprudence.

## **Paper – I**

Offences against Child and Juvenile Offences.

1. Notions of Juvenile and Juvenile Delinquency.
2. Theoretical Explanation of Juvenile Offence:
  - a) Sociological Theory and Control Theory.
  - b) Emerging delinquency in urban and rural areas.
3. Offences against children under different Legislations:
  - a) The Indian Penal Code, 1860.

- b) The Pre Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition) Act, 1994.
- c) The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000.
- d) The Child Labour Prohibition Act, 1976.
- e) The Trafficking of Children and Immoral Traffic Prevention Act.
- 4. Institutions for treatment and rehabilitation of Juvenile Offenders in India.
- 5. Procedures to be observed in dealing with a child in conflict with Law.
- 6. Juvenile Justice Board: Composition, Powers and Functions.
- 7. Problems of Implementation of Juvenile Justice Act.

## Paper - II

### Gender Justice and Feminist Jurisprudence

#### 1. Introduction:

- a) Meaning, Object and Utility of study of Gender Justice.
- b) Feminism: Growth and Schools of Feminism.
- c) Concept and Meaning of Patriarchy.
- d) Socio-legal Status of Women in pre and post Independence India.

#### 2. Rights of Women:

- a) Rights of Women under the Indian Constitutional Law.
- b) Women's Rights under International Law.
- c) The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948.
- d) The U. N. Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights, 1966.
- c) Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women, 1979 (CEDAW).

#### 3. Gender based violence and crime against women:

Rape, Marital Rape, Dowry death, Female feticide, Eveteasing and Molestation.

#### 4. Important Legislations:

- a) The Domestic Violence Act, 2005
- b) The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956.

#### 5. Sex Inequalities in family Law:

- a) Inheritance Rights of Women under various religious Laws-Hindu, Muslim, Parsi and Christian Laws.
- b) Concept and issues of Matrimonial Property, Occupational Rights and Maintenance
- c) Divorce and Maintenance Rights of Women under Hindu and Muslim Laws.
- d) Problems and Issues of Surrogate Mother and her Child.

c) Nodc for Uniform Civil Code

6. Sexual Discrimination/Dissimilation in Employment Laws:

a) Relevant provisions of the Equal Remuneration Act.

b) The Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.

c) Sexual Harassment at work place.

7. Relevant Legal Provisions:

a) The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act.

b) The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act.

## **Question Papers for Semester VI** **2022 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What are the purpose and principle of the United Nations Organization?  
(b) Point out the historical background behind the formation of United Nation organization. [10+6]
2. (a) Discuss the composition and function of Security Council of United Nation Organization.  
(b) Do you agree there is need of up-gradation in the function of Security Council regarding current world politics? [10+6]
3. (a) Write down the jurisdiction of the World Court.  
(b) How are the judges of the World Court elected? [10+4]
4. (a) Write down the importance of "The Universal Declaration of Human Rights".  
(b) Discuss how far the United Nations Organization has been unsuccessful in protecting Human Rights. [10+6]
5. (a) Discuss the objectives of the Trusteeship Council of United Nations organizations. (b) Examine the power and functions of Trusteeship Council. [6+10]
6. (a) Write a note on the composition and function of World Health Organization.  
(b) Highlighting their initiatives regarding mitigate of Covid-19 virus spread. [12+4]
7. (a) Define arms control and disarmament.  
(b) Point out the global initiatives which has been taken towards disarmament. [6+10]

8. (a) Explain the procedure to amend the charter of the United Nation Organization.  
(b) What type revision of the charter is necessary to contemporary international political situation. [8+8]
9. (a) Examine the success and failure of the United Nations organization.  
(b) Give your own suggestions for the improvement of the rule of United Nations Organizations. [10+6]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8+8]
  - (a) IBRD
  - (b) UNCTAD
  - (c) FAO
  - (d) UNICEF

## **2022 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Discuss the classification and powers of the various Criminal Courts under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973. [16]
2. (a) State the Circumstances when a police officer can arrest without warrant. [8]  
(b) Discuss the rights of an arrested person under the Criminal procedure Code. 1973. [8]
3. Explain the provision and procedure regarding asking security for good behaviour from a Convicted person by the Court. [16]
4. (a) Discuss the provisions of maintenance of wives, children and parents under Section 125 of the Criminal procedure Code, 1973. [10]  
(a) How the order of maintenance will be enforced? Examine with suitable case reference. [6]
5. (b) When and how apprehended danger and nuisance maybe prevented by E-magistrate? [8]  
(c) What procedure is to be followed under such circumstances? [8]
6. (a) "The Charge shall contain particular as to time, place and person" - Comment. [10]  
(b) Discuss the provisions for alteration of charge. [6]
7. (c) Discuss the provisions of Appeal against acquittal. [8]  
(a) Does an Appeal lie in petty case? [8]
8. Discuss the provisions "Revision" and "Reference" under the Code of Criminal Procedure. [16]

9. (a) Define Bail. Can bail be granted in Cognizable Offence? [8]  
 (b) Distinguish between "Bail" and "Anticipatory Bail". [8]
10. Write short notes on **any four** of the following: [4×4]
- (a) F.I.R.  
 (b) Compoundable Offence.  
 (c) Police report.  
 (d) Warrant Case  
 (e) Unlawful Assembly.  
 (f) Discharge.  
 (g) Search Warrant.  
 (h) Trial.

## **2022 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

### *Group - A*

Answer **any four** Questions

1. (a) Explain the principle of Res-Judicata with the help of decided cases and suitable illustration. [12]  
 (b) Write a note on applicability of Res-Judicata in writ petition in India. [4]
2. Discuss in detail, the law relating to second appeal under the Code of Civil Procedure. [16]
3. (a) What are the necessary elements of a plaint? [10]  
 (b) What can be the grounds for rejections of a plaint? [6]
4. (a) What are the pre-conditions to be followed in institutions of suit by or against the Government? [10]  
 (b) Distinguish between reference and review. [6]
5. Explain the consequences of appearance and non-appearance of parties in suits. [16]
6. Discuss the different modes of service of summons. [16]
7. (a) Who can be appointed as a Receiver? [8]  
 (b) What are the powers and duties of a Receiver? [8]
8. Write short notes on (**any two**): [8×2]
- (a) Foreign Judgement.  
 (a) Interpleader Suit.  
 (b) Temporary Injunction. (d) Decree.

Group - BAnswer **any one** Question

9. Discuss briefly, the law relating to legal disability provided under Section 6 to 9 of the Limitation Act, 1963. [16]
10. (a) What are the guiding principles for condition of delay Section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1963? [10]
- (b) The Court is closed on the last date of limitation period. 'Z' seeks extension of limitation period on that ground. Will he succeed? [6]

**2022 | Law of Copyright**Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) "Strong Copyright protection is essential for economic development" - Explain. [10]
- (b) What are neighbouring Rights? [6]
2. (a) Explain the basic concepts of copyrights from the invention of Guttenberg to till the age of computer. [10]
- (b) What is the role of copyright for the technological development? [6]
3. Write short notes on the following (any four): [4+4]
- (a) Broadcasting.
- (b) Cinematograph Film.
- (c) Rube Nisi Order
- (d) Joint Authorship.
- (e) Fair Live.
4. Explain the different kinds of remedies available for infringement of copyright. [16]
5. (a) Examine the salient features of Berne Convention for protection of Literary and Artistic Works. [10]
- (b) Discuss the significant provisions of the TRIPS agreement. [6]
6. Explain the power and functions of the Copyright Board and Copyright Society in India. [16]
7. Examine the rights of Broadcasting organization and of performers. [16]
8. (a) Why registration is not compulsory under the Copyright Act of India? [8]
- (b) Explain the procedure of registration under the said act. [8]

9. What are the works to be protected under the Copyright Act for Information Communication technology? [16]
10. (a) Who is Performer? [4]  
(b) Discuss the performer's right under the Copyright Act as amended. [12]

## **2021 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the purpose and principles of UNO. [12]  
(b) Name the principal organs of UNO. [4]
2. (a) State the composition of the Security Council. Do you think that it should be reconstructed? [10]  
(b) Discuss the voting procedure of the Security Council. [6]
3. Discuss the composition and functions of ICJ. [6+10]
4. State the objectives behind the formation of Trusteeship Council. Mention the functions performed by the Trusteeship Council. [8+8]
5. Nature the procedure of amendment of UN Charter. [8]
6. What type of revision of the Charter is necessary in the contemporary international
7. Discuss the role of UNO towards disarmament and Arms Control. [16]
8. Assess the success and failure of the UNO. [16]
9. What is meant by 'Human Rights'? Discuss the role of United Nations towards the promotion and protection of Human Rights. [4+12]
10. Explain the powers and functions of the UN Secretary General. [16]

## **2021 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Discuss the constitution of criminal courts under the Code of Criminal procedure. [16]
2. Discuss the powers of a police officer of arrest without warrant under the Code of Criminal procedure. [16]
3. Write short notes on: [4×4]

Summons

Warrant of arrest.

Proclamation and attachment.situation? [8]

4. Write notes on (**any two**): [8×2]
  - (a) WHO.
  - (b) FAO.
  - (c) UNCTAD.
  - (d) ILO.
  - (e) IBRD.

d) Search warrant.
5. Discuss the provisions for security for keeping the peace and good behaviour under the Code of Criminal procedure. [16]
6. Discuss the provisions for order for maintenance of wives, children and parents under the Code of Criminal Procedure with decided case laws. [16]
7. Discuss the provisions for urgent cases of nuisance or apprehended danger under the Code of Criminal Procedure. [16]
8. Define charge. Discuss the contents of charge. Can court alter the charge? Write a note on joinder of charge. [4+4+4+4]
9. Discuss the detail, the provisions for trial before a Court of Session. [16]
10. Define Bail. Discuss the provisions for grant of bail in the cases of non-bailable offences with decided case laws. What is Anticipatory Bail? [10+6]
11. Discuss, in brief, the provisions for appeal, reference and revision under the Code of Criminal Procedure. [16]

## **2021 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

### **Group - A**

Answer **any four** Questions

1. (a) Define 'Decree'. What are the essential ingredients of a decree? [4+4]  
 (b) What do you mean by Order? Write the distinctions between Decree and Order. [4+4]
2. Define Summons. What are the modes of Services of Summons? discuss the procedure for the Service of Summons in special cases. [4+6+6]

3. Discuss the Doctrine of Res-Judicata. What are the conditions for application of Res-Judicata? How does it differ from Res-Subjudice? [4+6+6]
4. Define the term 'Injunction'. In which cases Temporary Injunction may be granted? Against whom Injunction may be issued? What are the consequences of Disobedience or Breach of Injunction? [2+6+4+4]
5. Write down the formalities of filing a suit against Government. Can a suit be filed against a Government Servant without serving notice as required? If so, when? [10+6]
6. (a) In which cases Reference, Review and Revision are maintainable? Explain with suitable cases Laws. [10]  
(b) Point out the differences between Reference and Review. [6]
7. (a) Discuss the law relating to execution of decree. [10]  
(b) Write a short notes on 'Attachment'. [6]
8. (a) What is the procedure for filing an appeal? Discuss the form and contents of an appeal.  
(b) Is the appellate court bound to decide an appeal on the basis of material record when the appellant appears but does not address the court? [5+5+6]

**GROUP - B**  
**ANSWER ANY ONE QUESTION**

9. (a) Discuss the provisions of law relating to computation of period of limitation under the Limitation Act, 1963. [8]  
(b) Explain the words 'Extension of Prescribed Period' under Section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1963. [8]
10. What is legal disability? Write in brief the combined effect of Section 6 and Section 7 of the Limitation Act, 1963. [6+10]

**2021 | Law of Copyright**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Briefly discuss the scope and object of Copyright Act, 1957. [8]  
(a) Describe the registration procedure of copyright under the present Act. [8]
2. (a) Who is an 'author' under the Copyright law? [4]  
(a) Discuss the concept of ownership of Copyright. [4]  
(b) Whether Copyright can be transferred? If so, what is the procedure? [8]

3. Discuss the law relating to Information and Communication technology. [16]
4. Discuss performance & broadcasting rights as recognized under the Copyright Act, 1957. [16]
5. Write an essay on 'International Convention on Copyright'. [16]
6. (a) What Constitutes an infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]  
(a) Discuss the remedies available against the infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
7. (a) Discuss the subject matter of Copyright. [8]  
(a) Write a note on protection of Computer Software. [8]
8. Discuss the law relating to 'Licensing of Copyright'. [16]
9. Discuss the changes made in Copyright law through Copyright (Amendment) Act, 2012. [16]
10. Write short notes on **any four** of the following: [4×4]
  - (a) Copyright Board.
  - (b) Anton Pillar Order.
  - (c) Literary Work.
  - (d) Originality in Copyright.
  - (e) Copyright Society.
  - (f) Registrar of Copyright.
  - (g) Damages in Copyright Action.

## **2019 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Discuss the composition and functions of General Assembly. [16]
2. What are the main purposes and principles of United Nations Organization? [16]
3. Analyse the role and voting procedure of Security Council. [16]
4. Point out the reasons for the success and failure of ILO. What are the functions of ILO? [8+8]
5. Write short notes on: [8+8]
  - (a) WHO.
  - (b) FAO.

6. Discuss about the role of United Nations Organization in Peace Keeping Operations. [8+8]
7. Discuss the role of United Nations Organization in context of disarmament and Arms Control after World War II. [16]
8. Define Human Rights. How United Nations Organization has achieved success in the protection and promotion of Human Rights? [16]
9. Discuss about the revision of the UN Charter. [16]
10. Discuss about the present role of Economic and Social Council in establishing International Peace and Security. [16]

## **2019 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) State the circumstances when a police officer can arrest without warrant. [8]  
(b) Discuss the rights of an arrest person under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1974. [8]
2. Discuss the provisions relating to power of a Magistrate to issue order in urgent cases of nuisance or apprehended danger. [16]
3. Discuss the classification and power of the various Criminal Courts under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1974. [16]
4. Discuss the provisions of maintenance of wives, children and parents under Section 125 of Criminal Procedure Code with decided case laws. [16]
5. (a) Define the term 'Charge'. What are the contents of Charge? [6]  
(b) Discuss the provision for alteration of charge. [5]  
(c) Distinguish between charge and charge-sheet. [5]
6. Discuss in detail the provisions for Trial before the Court of Session. [16]
7. (a) In what cases bail will be granted in case of Non-bailable offence? [8]  
(b) Distinguish between Bail from Anticipatory Bail. [8]
8. Discuss the provisions of 'Revision' and 'Reference' under the Code of Criminal Procedure 1974. [16]
9. (a) Discuss the provisions of appeal against acquittal. [8]  
(b) Does an appeal lie in petty cases? [8]
10. Write Short Notes on (**any four**): [4×4]  
(a) Police Report.

- (b) Non-Bailable Offence.
- (c) Search Warrant.
- (d) Discharge.
- (e) Cognizable Offence.
- (f) Investigation.

## **2019 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Discuss the concept of Jurisdiction and state about various classes of jurisdiction. [16]
2. (a) "Civil Procedure Code is an adjective law." - Discuss. [8]  
(b) Discuss the difference between "Adversary Procedure" and "Inquisitorial Procedure". [8]
3. (a) Discuss the law relating to execution under the Code of Civil Procedure. [8]  
(b) Discuss various provisions of law relating to attachment. [8]
4. (a) Write in brief about the law relating to suits by or against government. [8]  
(b) State with illustration the term 'Interpleader-suit' [8]
5. Explain the meaning, nature and object of Res Judicata. [16]
6. (a) Appeal is a right created by the statute - Discuss. [8]  
(b) Discuss the scope and ambit of second appeal. [8]
7. (a) Define "Decree" and 'Order' and distinguish between them. [8]  
(b) Write a note on Mesne profit. [8]
8. Discuss the law relating to place of suing under the Code of Civil procedure. [16]
9. (a) "Law of Limitation bars remedy but does not extinguish right." - Discuss. [8]  
(b) Discuss legal provision relating to legal disability provided under Section 6 to 9 of the Limitation Act, 1963. [8]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2]
  - (a) Constructive Res Judicata.
  - (b) Services of Summons.
  - (c) Foreign Judgement.
  - (d) Reference.
  - (e) Distinguish between Limitation and Prescription.

## 2019 | Law of Copyright

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Discuss the subject matter of Copyright. [16]
2. (a) Write a note on special features of Copyright. [8]  
(c) What is the justification for providing Copyright to author? Discuss. [8]
3. Discuss the rights of broadcasting organisation and performers' right. [16]
4. Write a detailed note on various Rights of Copyright Owner. [16]
5. Discuss the various modes in transfer of Copyright. [16]
6. Discuss the terms of Copyrights under which copyright is recognised. [16]
7. Discuss the procedure of copyright registration. [16]
8. Discuss the law relating to infringement of copyright. [16]
9. Discuss the law relating to remedies of infringement of copyright. [16]
10. Write Short Notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2]
  - (a) Copyright as property.
  - (b) Licensing of copyright.
  - (c) Sound recording.
  - (d) Idea and Expression dichotomy.

## 2018 | Political Science VI

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What are the purpose and principles of the United Nations Organisation? What are its principal organs? [12+4]
2. Discuss the composition, powers and functions of the General Assembly of the UN. Make an evaluation of its role in the present day International Politics. [10+6]
3. Discuss the composition and functions of the Security Council of the United Nations. Do you think that the Security Council should be reconstructed? [10+6]
4. Explain the composition, function and role of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations. How does it promote functional co-operation in International Society? [10+6]
5. How are the judges of the I.C.J. elected? Explain the functions and jurisdiction of the I.C.J. [4+12]

6. Explain the powers and functions of the Secretary General of the United Nations. What are the reasons for the growing importance of the Secretary General in the context of present day International Politics? [10+6]
7. Evaluate the importance of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. What are the reasons for the failure of the United Nations in protecting Human Rights? [10+6]
8. What steps the United Nations Organisation has taken towards disarmament? Do these effects contribute to 'arms control'? [10+6]
9. Write down the procedure for the amendment of the Charter of U.N. Do you suggest any change of the existing method? [10+6]
10. Write notes on (**any two**): [8×2]
  - (a) WHO.
  - (b) UNESCO.
  - (c) IMF.
  - (d) UNICEF.
  - (e) FAO.

## **2018 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) State the powers of the various courts to pass sentence according to the Code of Criminal Procedure - 1973. [8]
  - (b) What are the provisions in the code for passing sentence of imprisonment in default of fine? [4]
  - (c) Mention the cases in which a person may be convicted of several offences at one trial. [4]
2. (a) When can search warrant be issued? [7]
  - (b) Explain the procedure of search by a Police Officer. [9]
3. Explain the provisions and procedure regarding asking security for good behaviour from a convicted person by the court. [16]
4. Explain the grounds for which an order of maintenance of wives, children and parents be passed under section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973. How the order of maintenance will be enforced? Examine with suitable case references. [8]
5. (a) "The charge shall contain particulars as to time, place and person" - Comment. [7]

"For every distinct offence of which any person is accused there shall be a separate charge and every such charge shall be tried separately" - Explain. [9]

6. Explain the provisions relating to power of a Magistrate to issue order in urgent case of nuisance or apprehended danger. Briefly discuss the procedure to be followed under such circumstances. [8+8]
7. What are the provisions regarding appeal against conviction? Discuss when appeal does not lie against conviction. Does appeal lie in case where accused pleads guilty? [8+4+4]
8. (a) How does Inquiry differ from Investigation? [8]  
(b) What do you mean by Charge? [4]  
(c) Can charge be altered? [4]
9. (a) In what cases bail will be granted? Discuss the special power of High Court regarding bail. [12]  
(b) When a Bond and Bail Bond will be declared cancelled from the court? [4]
10. Write short notes (**any four**): [4×4]
  - (a) Charge.
  - (b) Complaint.
  - (c) Warrant.
  - (d) Trail.
  - (e) Victim.
  - (f) FIR.
  - (g) Charge Sheet.
  - (h) Compoundable Offence.

## 2018| Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act

### Group -A

Answer **any four** Questions

1. (a) Define 'Decree'. What are the essential ingredients of a Decree? [4+4]  
(b) What do you mean by Order? Distinguish between Decree and Order. [4+4]
2. (a) Discuss the various principles of Res Judicata. [8]  
(b) Write a note on constructive Res Judicata. [8]
3. Discuss in detail, the law relating to second Appeal under Code of Civil Procedure. [16]
4. (a) In which cases Reference, Review and Revision are maintainable? Explain with suitable judicial decisions. [10]

- (b) Point out difference between Reference and Review. [6]
5. (a) What do you mean by 'Suit of Civil Nature'? [8]  
(b) What do you mean by ousting of jurisdiction of civil court? [8]
6. (a) Discuss the law relating to execution of Decree. [10]  
(b) Write a short note on 'Attachment'. [6]
7. (a) When can court issue commission? [4]  
(b) State the different persons who may be examined on commission issued by the court. [8]  
(c) What is letter of Request? [4]
8. Write short notes on **any two**: [8+8]  
(a) Interpleader Suit.  
(b) Decree Holder.  
(c) Res-Subjudice.  
(d) Representative suit.

***Group - B***  
**Answer any one Question**

9. (a) What is meant by Period of Limitation? How is the Period of Limitation computed? [4+8]  
a. An appeal due to be filed within a statutory period of 30 days is being filed after three months, will such appeal be admitted? Explain. [4]
10. (a) What is Legal Disability? [6]  
a. Write in brief, the combined effect of Section 6, 7 and 8 of the Limitation Act, 1963. [10]

**2018 | Law of Copyright**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the nature and object of Copyright Law. [8]  
(b) Explain the meaning of Copyright under Section 14 of the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
2. (a) Explain the concept of 'Idea' and 'Expression' under the Copyright Act, in India. [8] (b) Discuss the subject matter of Copyright. [8]
3. (a) Write a note on Ownership of Copyright. [8]  
(b) Discuss the importance of International Conventions in protecting Copyright in India. [8]

4. (a) Discuss the law relating to Registration of Copyright. [8]  
(b) Discuss the Broadcasting Rights as recognized under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
5. (a) What constitutes an infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957? [8]  
(b) Discuss the remedies available against the infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
6. Discuss the changes which have been made through Copyright (Amendment) Act, 2012 to the Copyright Act, 1957. [16]
7. (a) Discuss the law relating to Copyright in Information and Communication Technology.  
(b) Write a note on Protection of Copyright of Computer Software. [10+6]
8. Discuss the law relating to Licensing of Copyright. [16]
9. TRIPS Agreement had a great impact on the development of the Copyright Act in India - Justify. [16]
10. Write short notes on (**any four**): [4×4]
  - (a) Fair use of Copyright.
  - (b) Moral Rights of Author.
  - (c) Literary Work.
  - (d) Anton Pillar Order.
  - (e) Performer's Right.
  - (f) Copyright Board.

## 2017 | Political Science VI

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the purpose and principles of United Nations Organisation. [12] (b) What are its principal organs? [4]
2. (a) Write down the composition and functions of the General Assembly. [10]  
(b) Write what you know about the voting procedure of the General Assembly. [6]
3. (a) Write down the main function of Security Council/ [10]  
(b) Is there any real need of changing its composition? Give reasons for your answer. [6]
4. (a) What are the principal responsibilities of the Secretary General of the United Nations Organisation? [10]  
(b) Why the importance of the position of the Secretary General is increasing in the present day International Political situations? [6]
5. (a) Discuss the objectives of the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations Organisations. [6]

- (b) Examine the powers and functions of the Trusteeship Council. [10]
6. (a) Write down the composition of International Court of Justice.  
 (b) What measures have been taken to preserve the impartiality of the Judges?  
 (c) Evaluate the present role of International Court of Justice. [4+6+6]
7. (a) Write in brief the peace keeping role of the United Nations Organisations. [8]  
 (b) Discuss various problems of peace keeping in the present world situations. [8]
8. (a) Examine the success and failure of the United Nations Organization. [10]  
 (b) Give your own suggestions for the improvement of the role of United Nations Organisations. [6]
9. (a) Explain the procedure to amend the charter of the United Nations Organisation. [8]  
 (b) What type revision of the charter is necessary in contemporary International Political Situation? [8]
10. Write Short Notes on **any two** of the following : [8×2]  
 (a) IBRD.  
 (b) ILO.  
 (c) UNCTAD.  
 (d) UNICEF.  
 (e) Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

## **2017 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State the circumstance when the police can arrest a person without warrant. [16]
2. (a) Can a Magistrate arrest an offender? [6]  
 1. Discuss the power of the various Courts to pass sentences according to the Code of Criminal Procedure 1913. [10]
3. (a) Define 'Bail'. Can Bail be guaranteed in Cognizable Offence? [8]  
 1. Distinguish between 'Bail' and 'Anticipatory Bail'. [8]
4. (a) When can a Criminal Court issue search warrant? [8]  
 1. Discuss the summary procedure of trial of offences. [8]
5. (a) Who will claim Maintenance? [5]  
 1. When order of Maintenance will be altered? [5]  
 2. How the order of Maintenance will be enforced? [6]
6. Discuss in detail the procedure of trial before the Court of Session. [16]

7. (a) Explain 'Revisional Jurisdiction' of a Court. [8]
  1. Discuss the provisions regarding appeal against acquittal under the Code of Criminal Procedure. [8]
8. (a) Explain the term 'Charge'. What are the contents of 'Charge'? [3+6]
  1. When Court may alter charge? [7]
9. (a) Discuss the procedure to be adopted by a Magistrate on receiving complaint.
  1. Can a second complaint lie after the dismissal of the first complaint? [10+6]
10. Write short notes on (**any four**) : [4×4]
  - (a) FIR.
  - (b) Police Report.
  - (c) Non-Bailable Offence.
  - (d) Warrant Case.
  - (e) Compoundable Offence.
  - (f) Charge-Sheet.

## **2017 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

### *Group - A*

Answer **any four** Questions

1. (a) "Civil Procedure is an adjective law" - Discuss. [8]
  - (b) Discuss the difference between "Adversary Procedure" and "Inquisitorial Procedure". [8]
2. (a) Define "Decree" and "Order" and distinguish between them. [8]
  - (b) Write a note on "Mesne Profit" [8]
3. (a) Discuss the various principle of Res Judicata. [8]
  - (b) Write a note on constructive Res Judicata. [8]
4. (a) What do you understand by the phrase "Suit of Civil Nature"? Discuss in detail. [8]
  - (b) "Cognisance is expressly or impliedly barred" - Explain this phrase. [8]
5. (a) Discuss the law relating to place of suing as per Pecuniary Jurisdiction (Sec. 16 to 20). [8]
  - (b) Discuss the law relating to place of suing as per Territorial Jurisdiction (Sec. 16 to 20). [8]
6. Discuss in detail the law relating to Second Appeal under the Code of Civil Procedure. [16]
7. (a) Discuss the law relating to execution under the Code of Civil Procedure. [8]

- (b) Discuss the various provisions of law under the Code of Civil Procedure relating to attachment. [8]
8. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : [8×2]
- (a) Reference.
- (b) Suits by or against Government.
- (c) Injunction.
- (d) Issue of Services of Summons. (e) Inherent Power of Court.

*Group - B*

Answer **any one** Question

9. "Law of limitation bars remedy but does not extinguish right" - Discuss [16]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : [8×2]
- (a) Distinguish between Limitation and Prescription.
- (b) Period of Limitation and Prescribed Period.
- (c) Extension of prescribed period (Section 5).
- (d) Sufficient cause and condonation of delay.

## **2017| Law of Copyright**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the nature and meaning of Copyright. [8]  
(b) Write a note on "TRIPS Agreement". [8]
2. Explain the justifications for providing Copyright to author. [16]
3. Discuss the various rights of broadcasting organization and of performance (neighbouring rights). [16]
4. Write a brief note on the various features of Copyright Law in India. [16]
5. Discuss the term of Copyright as provided under the Copyright Act, 1957. [16]
6. Discuss the law relating to registration of Copyright. [16]
7. (a) Discuss concept of "Author" under Copyright law. [8]  
(b) Discuss the law relating to ownership of Copyright. [8]
8. When Copyright is deemed to be infringed? [16]
9. "Certain Acts not to be infringement of Copyright" - Discuss. [16]
10. Write a short notes on **any two** of the following : [8×2]  
(a) Remedies of Copyright Infringement.

- (b) Copyright Board.
- (c) Subject matter of Copyright.
- (d) Assignment of Copyright.
- (e) Copyright Protection in Internet.

## **2016 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Write down the purpose and principles of the United Nations Organisation. What are its principal organs? [12+4]
2. Discuss the composition and functions of the Security Council.  
Do you think there is need of change in the composition of the Security Council? Give reasons for your answer. [12+4]
3. Discuss the composition and function of the General Assembly of the United Nations Organisation. Write down the expanding role of the General Assembly in contemporary World Politics. [10+6]
4. Write down the composition and functions of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations Organisation. Discuss how does it promote functional cooperation in the International Society. [10+6]
5. Write down the jurisdiction of International Court of Justice. How are the judges of International Court of Justice elected? [12+4]
6. Discuss the power and functions of the Secretary General of United Nations Organisation. Explain the reasons behind the growing importance of the Secretary General in the Context of present day International Politics. [10+6]
7. Write down the importance of "The Universal Declaration of Human Rights".  
Discuss how far the United Nations Organisation has been successful in protecting Human Rights. [10+6]
8. What steps the United Nations Organisation has taken towards disarmament? Discuss whether these efforts have contributed to arms control. [10+6]
9. Write down the procedure of the amendment of the charter of the United Nations Organisation. Do you suggest any change of the emoting methods? [10+4]
10. Write notes on **any two** of the following : [8×2]
  - (b) WHO.
  - (c) UNESCO.
  - (d) IMF.
  - (e) FAO.
  - (f) UNCTAD.

## **2016 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State the circumstances when Police can arrest a person without warrant. How arrest is made? What are the statutory duties of a Police Officer to perform after arrest? [8+4+4]
2. When search warrant is issued? Explain the procedure of search by a Officer. What steps can a Magistrate take for releasing of a minor girl recovered on the strength of a search warrant? [4+8+4]
3. Explain the term 'Complaint'. Discuss the procedure which is to be adopted by a magistrate on receiving a Complaint. Can a second Complaint lie after the dismissal of the first Complaint? Discuss with appropriate Supreme Court Judgements. [4+8+4]
4. Explain the grounds for which an order of maintenance of wives, children and parents be passed under Section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973. How the order of maintenance will be enforced? Examine with suitable case references. [8+8]
5. What do you mean by Revisional Jurisdiction of a Court? When a Court can pass an order for paying compensation in favour of an arrested person? Can a Court alter its own judgement? Explain. [8+4+4]
6. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : [4×4] (a) Cognizable Offence.  
 (b) Anticipatory Bail.  
 (c) Unlawful Assembly.  
 (d) Arrest by Private Person.  
 (e) Search Warrant.  
 (f) Classification of Criminal Courts.
7. Distinguish between **any four** of the following : [4×4] (a) Reference and Revision.  
 (b) Bailable Offence and Non-Bailable Offence.  
 (c) Warrant Case and Summons Case.  
 (d) Inquiry and Investigation. (e) Bail and Bail Bonds.  
 (f) Charge and Charge Sheet.
8. Explain the provisions relating to power of a Magistrate to issue Order in urgent cases of nuisance or apprehended danger. Briefly discuss the procedure to be followed under such circumstance. [8+8]
9. What are the provisions under the Code of Criminal Procedure regarding appeal against Conviction? Discuss when appeal does not lie against conviction. Does an appeal lie in cases where accused pleads guilty? Discuss. [8+4+4]

10. Explain what cases are tried under 'Summary Trial'. Discuss the Trial before the Courts of sessions. What types of offences are tried before it? [6+4+6]

## **2016 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

### *Group - A*

Answer **any four** Questions

1. (a) What is Plaintiff ? [8]  
(b) What are the contents of Plaintiff? [8]
2. (a) Who are Necessary Party and Proper Parties? [8]  
(b) Who may be joined as Plaintiffs and Defendants? [8]
3. (a) What do you mean by Summons? [8]  
(b) What are the substituted modes of service of Summons? [8]
4. Write a note on 'Res Judicata'. [16]
5. (a) Who can be appointed as a Receiver? [8]  
(b) What are the powers and duties of a Receiver? [8]
6. (a) What do you mean by "Suit of civil nature"? [8]  
(b) What do you mean by ousting of jurisdiction of Civil Court? [8]
7. Write a short note on **any two** : [8×2]  
(a) Interpleaded Suit.  
(b) Decree Holder.  
(c) Res-Subjudice.  
(d) Representative Suit.
8. (a) Define 'Decree'. What are the essential ingredients of a Decree? [4×4]  
(b) What do you mean by Order? What are the distinctions between Decree and Order? [4×4]

### **GROUP - B**

**ANSWER ANY ONE QUESTION**

9. (a) Discuss the provisions of law relating to computation of period of limitation under the Limitation Act, 1943. [8]  
(ii) Explain the words "Extension of Prescribed Period" under section 5 of the Act. [8]
10. (a) Write a note on the "Law of Prescription". [8]  
(iii) What is the difference between "The Law of Prescription" and "The Law of Limitation"? [8]

## 2016 | Law of Copyright

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Explain the concept of 'Idea' and 'Expression' under the Copyright Act in India. [8]  
(b) Discuss the subject-matter of Copyright under Indian law. [8]
1. (a) Discuss the nature and object of Copyright Law. [8]  
Explain the meaning of Copyright under section 14 of Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
2. What are the works to be protected under the Copyright Act for Information Communication Technology? [16]
3. (a) Write a note on Ownership of Copyright. [8]  
(b) Discuss the importance of International conventions in protecting Copyright in India. [8]
4. "TRIPs Agreement had a great impact on the development of the Copyright Act in India" - Justify. [16]
5. (a) Discuss the law relating to registration of Copyright. [8]  
(c) Discuss broadcasting rights as recognised under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
6. Explain the powers and function of the Copyright Board and Copyright Society in India. [16]
7. (a) What constitutes an infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]  
(d) Discuss the remedies available against the infringement of copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
8. Discuss the changes made in the Copyright law through the Copyright (Amendment) Act, 2012. [16]
9. Write short notes on (**any four**): [4×4]
  - (a) Anton Pillar Order.
  - (e) "Licenses and Publication" under Copyright Law.
  - (f) Fair use of Copyright.
  - (g) Berne Convention.
  - (h) Moral Rights of Author.
  - (i) Literary Work.

## **2015 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the purpose and principles of the U.N.O. [12]  
(b) Write a note on the expulsion of U.N. membership. [4]
2. (a) Discuss the role of general Assembly as a principal organ of U.N. [8]  
(b) Write a note on the voting procedure of the General Assembly. [8]
3. (a) Explain the voting procedure in the Security Council. [10]  
(b) Do you think there is any real need of changing its composition? [6]
4. (a) Discuss the objectives of the Trusteeship Council of the U.N.O. [4]  
(b) Examine the power and functions of the Trusteeship council. [12]
5. (a) What are the principal responsibility of the Secretary General of the U.N.  
(b) What kind of role does he play in the world politics today? [10+6]
6. (a) Discuss the composition of the International Court of Justice. [6]  
(b) What are the measures for preventing the impartiality of the judges of the International Court of Justice? [4]  
(c) Discuss briefly the present role of the International Court of Justice. [6]
7. (a) Write a note on the Peace Keeping role of the U.N.O. [8]  
(b) Evaluate the problems of the Peace Keeping in the present world situations. [8]
8. (a) Critically examine the achievements of the U.N.O. [10]  
(b) Give your suggestions for the improvement of the role of the U.N. in the present world situation. [6]
9. (a) Explain the procedure to amend the Charter of the U.N. [8]  
(b) What type of revision of the Charter you think is necessary in the context of contemporary international politics? [8]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following:
  - (a) Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
  - (b) IBRD.
  - (c) ILO.
  - (d) UNCTAD.
  - (e) UNICEF.

## **2015 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define the term Charge. What are the contents of Charge? [3+6]  
(b) When Court may alter Charge? [7]
2. When a complainant may withdraw his complaint? Which procedure will be maintained when the Magistrate does not convict the accused? Discuss the power of Court to convert summons case into warrant cases. [4+7+5]
3. (a) When an appeal will be filled by the State Govt. against sentence? Discuss with decided cases. [8]  
(b) What is Revision? Distinguish between Appeal and Revision with suitable illustration. [8]
4. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : [4×4] (a) Investigation.  
(b) Trial.  
(c) Breach of Peace. (d) Power of C.I.M. (e) Acquittal.  
(f) Cognizable Offence.
5. Who will claim Maintenance? When order of Maintenance will be altered? How the order of Maintenance will be enforced? [5+5+6]
6. (a) In what cases Bail to be taken? [6]  
(b) When Bail may be granted in case of Non-Bailable offence? Distinguish Bail from Anticipatory Bail. [10]
7. When can a Police Officer arrest without warrant? How is arrest made? State the statutory duties of a officer after making an arrest? [8+8]
8. (a) Who can disperse an unlawful assembly? [10]  
(b) Can armed forces be used to disperse an unlawful assembly? [6]
9. Discuss the procedure of trial before the Court of Session. Which types of offences are tried before it? [16]
10. What are the maximum sentences that can be passed by different classes of Court? Can a Magistrate arrest an offender? Is so, under what circumstances? [10+6]

## **2015 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

Answer **any four** Questions

1. Define Decree and Order and distinguish between them. [16]
2. Discuss the concept of Jurisdiction and also state in detail about various classes of Jurisdiction. [16]
3. Explain the meaning, nature and object of Res-Judicata. [16]
4. Discuss the law relating to place of suing provided under the Code of Civil Procedure. [16]
5. (a) Write in brief about the law relating to suits by or against government. [8]  
(b) State with illustration about Inter-Pleader Suit. [8]
6. (a) Appeal is a right created by the statute - Discuss. [8]  
(b) Discuss the scope and ambit of Second Appeal. [8]
7. (a) Discuss the various grounds of filling a Reference Petition. [8]  
(b) State the differences between Review and Revision. [8]
8. Explain the various principles of law relating to extension of time or prescribed period recognised under the law of limitation. [16]
9. Discuss in short the law relating to legal disability provided under sections 6 to 9 of the Limitation act, 1963. [16]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2]
  - (a) Constructive Res-Judicata.
  - (b) Foreign Judgement.
  - (c) Temporary Injunction.
  - (d) Services of Summons.
  - (e) Institution of Suit.

## **2015 | Law of Copyright**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Do you think that Copyright is negative right? justify Your answer with various examples. [16]
2. Define the term "Copyright" under the Copyright Legislation. Explain the concept of 'Idea' and 'Expression' under the Copyright Act in India. [16]
3. Why registration is not compulsory under Copyright Act of India? Explain the procedure of registration under the said act. [16]

4. What are the works to be protected under the Copyright act for Information Communication Technology? [16]
5. Explain the power and function of the Copyright Board and Copyright Society in India. [16]
6. Who is Performer? Discuss the Performer's Right under the Copyright Act as amended in the year 2012. [16]
7. How do you prove that there is an infringement of Copyright in any work? Justify in your own words the role played by judiciary in this regard. [8+8]
8. Give a short description of Civil and Administrative remedies against the infringement of Copyright Act with reference to Judicial decisions. [16]
9. "TRIP's Agreement had a great impact on the development of the Copyright Legislation in India" - Justify. [16]
10. Write short notes on **any four** of the following: [4×4]
  - (a) Anton Pillar Order
  - (b) Rube Nisi Order
  - (c) Berne Convention
  - (d) Crimina
  - (e) Remedies for Infringement of Copyright.
  - (f) Fair use of Copyright
  - (g) Subject matter of Copyright

## **2014 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Explain the objectives and principles of the United Nations. What are its principal organs ? [12+4]
2. Discuss the composition, powers and functions of the General Assembly of the U.N. Evaluate its role in the context of the present day International Politics. [10+6]
3. Discuss the composition and function of the Security Council of the United Nations. Do you think that the Security Council should be restructured in the perspective of the present day world politics? [10+6]

4. Explain the composition, functions and role of the Economics and Social Council of the United Nations. How does it promote functional co-operation in International Society? [10+6]
5. How are the Judges of the I.C.J. elected? Explain the functions and Jurisdiction of the I.C.J. [4+12]
6. Explain the powers and functions of the Secretary General of the United Nations. What are the reasons for the growth importance of the Secretary General in the context of present day International Politics? [10+6]
7. Evaluate the importance and significance of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Briefly state the reasons for the failure of the United Nations in Protecting Human Rights. [10+6]
8. Give a brief account of the efforts of the U.N. towards disarmament since 1980. Do these efforts contribute to 'Arms Control' rather than disarmament? [10+6]
9. Explain the methods of amending and revision of the charter of U.N. Do you advocate any change of the existing methods? [10+6]
10. Write a note on (**any two**) : [8×2]
  - (a) W.H.O.
  - (b) IMF.
  - (c) UNESCO.
  - (d) F.A.O.
  - (e) UNICEF.

## **2014 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) State the powers of the various Courts to pass sentences according to the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973. [8]
  - (b) What are the provisions in the Code for passing sentence of imprisonment to default of fine? [4]
  - (c) Mention the cases in which a person may be convicted of several offences at one trial. [4]
2. (a) When may search warrant be issued? [7]
  - (b) Explain the procedure of search by a Police Officer. [9]

3. (a) Explain the provisions regarding asking security for good behaviour from a convicted person by the Court. [6]  
(b) Describe the procedure for asking security of good behaviour. [10]
4. (a) "The charge shall contain particulars as to time, Place and Person" - Comment. [7]  
(b) "For every distinct offence of which any person is accused there shall be a separate charge and every such charge shall be tried separately" - Explain. [9]
5. (a) When can the police start investigation without permission from the Court?  
(b) Describe the procedure which a Magistrate has to adopt in an enquiry relating to public nuisance. [8+8]
6. (a) In what cases Bail will be granted? Discuss the special powers of High Court regarding Bail. [5+6]  
(b) When a Bond and Bail Bond will be declared cancel from the Court? [5]
7. (a) What are the provisions in the Criminal Procedure Code regarding appeal against acquittal? [10]  
(b) Does an appeal lie in petty cases? Explain. [6]
8. (a) Explain the term 'Complaint'. Discuss the procedure which is to be adopted by a Magistrate on receiving a Complaint. [4+7]  
(b) Can a second complaint lie after the dismissal of the first Complaint - Discuss. [5]
9. (a) What do you mean by Revisional Jurisdiction of Court? [8]  
When a Court will pass an order for playing compensation in favour of an arrested?  
(b) Can a Court alter his own Judgement? Explain. [4]
10. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : [4×4]
  - (a) Anticipatory Bail
  - (b) Non-Bailable Offence
  - (c) Investigation
  - (d) Discharge
  - (e) Police Support

## **2014| Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define "Decree" and "Order" with suitable illustration. [4+4]  
a. Distinguish between Decree and Order. [8]
2. (a) Discuss the concept of "Res-Judicata" and illustrate it with case law. [8]

- a. What do you understand by the doctrine "Res-Subjudicata"? - Explain. [8]
3. Illustrate how the place of suing is determined under the Code of Civil Procedure. [16]
4. (a) Discuss the concept of Jurisdiction of the Civil Courts? [8]
  - a. What do you mean by ousting of Jurisdiction of Civil Courts? Discuss with suitable illustration. [8]
5. (a) Write a critical note on "Second Appeal". [8]
  - (b) Discuss with suitable examples the concept "substantial question of law". [8]
6. Distinguish the following: [8+8]
  - (a) Appeals and Reference.
  - (b) Review and Revision.
7. (a) What is Legal Disability? [6]
  - (b) Write a note on the Points of Disability as provided under the Limitation Act. [10]
8. When even after period of Limitation as prescribe under the Limitation Act, 1963, the Court may allow an application filed before it. Support your answer with reason. [16]
9. (a) What is the difference between the Law of Limitation and Law of Prescription? [8] (b) Write a note on the Law of Prescription. [8]
10. Write Short notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2]
  - (a) Incidental Proceedings.
  - (b) Judgement.
  - (c) Issue of Service of Summons.
  - (d) Temporary Injunctions.

## 2014 | Law of Copyright

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the object of Copyright Law. [8]
  - (b) Explain the meaning of Copyright under Section 14 of the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
2. (a) What constitute an infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
  - (b) Discuss the remedies available against the infringement of Copyright under the Copyright Act 1957. [8]
3. (a) Who is an 'Author' under the Copyright Law? [4]
  - (b) Discuss the concept of Ownership of Copyright. [4]
  - (c) Whether Copyright can be transferred? If so what is the procedure? [8]
4. (a) Discuss the law relating to Registration of Copyright? [8]

- (b) Discuss Broadcasting Rights as recognized under the Copyright Act 1957. [8]
5. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : [4×4] (a) Literary Work.  
 (b) Moral Right of Author.  
 (c) Copyright Board.  
 (d) Performer's Right.  
 (e) Originality in Copyright.  
 (f) Damages in Copyright Action.
6. (a) Discuss the subject matter of Copyright. [8]  
 (b) Explain "Idea-expression" dichotomy in Copyright Law. [8]
7. Discuss the changes which have been made through Copyright (Amendment) Act, 2022 to the Copyright Act 1957. [16]
8. Write an essay on "International Convention" on Copyright. [16]
9. (a) Discuss the law relating to Information and Communication Technology?  
 (b) Write a note on protection of Computer Software. [10+6]
10. Discuss the law relating to "Licensing of Copyright " [16]

## **2013 | Political Science VI**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. The preamble of the UN Charter expresses the idea and the common aims of all the people whose governments joined together to form a family of nations. - State the purpose and principles of the UNO as envisaged in the Charter. [6+10]
2. (a) Discuss the expanding role of the General Assembly in contemporary world politics. [8]  
 (a) Write a note on the voting procedure of the General Assembly. [8]
3. (a) Where is the Headquarter of the Security Council situated? Name the permanent member of the Security Council. How many non-permanent members are there at present? Why Security Council is called the "Enforcement Wing" of UNO? [1+2+1+2] (b) Discuss the functions of the Security Council? [10]
4. (a) What are the objectives of the Trusteeship Council? [6]  
 (a) State the composition and functions of the Trusteeship Council. [10]
5. (a) 'The ICJ is the judicial arm of the UNO' Discuss the procedure of appointment of Judges in the ICJ. [6]  
 (a) What measures have been taken to preserve the impartiality of Judges? [4]

- (b) Evaluate the present role of the ICJ in brief. [6]
6. (a) Briefly discuss the internal organization and function of the UN Secretariat.  
(a) Name the first Secretary General of the UNO. Who is the present Security General? How many Secretary General have been appointed till date? Who appoints the Secretary General and for how many years? [10+1+1+1+3]
7. Analyse the achievements of the UNO. Give your suggestions for the improvement of its role in the present world situations. [10+6]
8. Give an idea of the nature and problems of the Peace keeping activities of the UNO. [8+8]
9. (a) Since the inception of the UN, partial amendments to certain provisions of the UN Charter has taken place - Explain the amendments. [8]  
(a) What are the proposals put forward for revision of the UN Charter? [8]
10. Write short notes on **any two**: [8+8]  
(a) IMF.  
(b) ILO.  
(c) WHO.  
(d) UNCTAD.  
(e) UNESCO.

## **2013 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What is meant by Alternative Charge? What are the cases in which the accused charged with one offence can be convicted of a different offence, although he was not charged with it? [16]
2. (a) State the circumstances when Police can arrest a person without warrant. [8]  
(c) How arrest is made? What are the statutory duties of a police officer to perform after arrest? [8]
3. (a) Define 'Bail'. Can Bail be granted in Cognizable Offence? If yes, give reasons.  
(c) Distinguish between Bail and Anticipatory Bail. [8+8]
4. Discuss the summary procedure of trial of offences. Which Court is empowered to try cases summarily? Can a Magistrate impose sentence of imprisonment for six months in summary trial? [16]
5. (a) When can a criminal Court issue search warrant? [8]  
(c) What steps can a Magistrate take for releasing of a minor girl recovered on the strength of a search warrant? [8]

6. When and how apprehended danger and nuisance may be prevented by the Magistrate? What procedure is to be followed under such circumstances? [8+8]
7. Discuss the trial before the Court of Session. Which types of offences are tried before it? Discuss with case Laws. [16]
8. What do you understand by Revisional Jurisdiction of a Court? What are the special powers conferred on the High Court under its Revisional Jurisdiction? [8+8]
9. When can the police start investigation without permission from the Courts? How does Enquiry differ from Investigation? Answer with reasons. [8+8]
10. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : [4×4]
  - (a) Compoundable Offence
  - (b) Warrant Case.
  - (c) Cognizable Offence.
  - (d) Session Trial.
  - (e) Complaint.
  - (f) Charge Sheet.
  - (g) Unlawful Assembly.

## **2013 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

### **GROUP - A**

#### **ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS**

1. (a) Define and explain Decree. [3]  
 (b) Distinguish Decree from Order. [3]  
 (c) Can the following Orders be deemed as Decree: [5×2]
  - (i) The rejection of plaint.
  - (ii) The return of plaint.
  - (iv) For granting alimony.
  - (v) For dismissal of suit.
  - (vi) Any adjudication from which an appeal lies.
2. (a) What do you understand by constructive Res-Judicata? [6]
  - (a) Distinguish between Res-Judicata and Estoppel. [6]
  - (b) Does consent decree operate as Res-Judicata? [4]
3. (a) What do you mean by a Representative Suit? [4]
  - (a) What are necessary conditions for its application? [8]
  - (b) Can a person take part in the proceeding of the suit without being a party? [4]

4. Explain the provisions as laid down in the Civil procedure Code in the following Cases: [16]
- When neither plaintiff nor defendant appeared in court when the suit is called on for hearing. [4]
  - Where the defendant appears and the plaintiff does not appear when the suit is called on for hearing. [4]
  - Where the plaintiff appears and the defendant does not appear when the suit is called on for hearing. [4]
  - What is the remedy open to the party in such circumstance? [4]
5. (a) Discuss the basic principles that govern the grant of an Injunction. [10]
- Explain the remedy available in Code of Civil Procedure for violation of an order of Injunction. [2]
  - Can the defendant pray for an order of Injunction? [2]
  - Can the plaintiff pray for an appointment of Commissioner when Injunction is refused? [2]
6. (a) "A court executing the decree cannot go behind the decree. It must take the decree as it stands". Explain this statement with reference to its exceptions.
- Explain different modes of executing Decree. [10+6]
7. (a) When can the high Court exercise Powers of Revision? [8]
- Can it exercise such powers in any case which has been decided by the lower court? [2]
  - In respect of all interlocutory order, whether High Court can exercise jurisdiction? [2]
  - When does an appeal lie? [4]
8. (a) When can court issue commission? [4]
- State the different persons who may be examined on commission issued by the court. [8]
  - What is letter of Request?

**Group - B**  
**Answer any one Question**

9. (a) What is the object of Limitation Act, 1963? [8]
- Distinguish between Limitation and Prescription. [8]
10. What do you mean by the following (Answer **any four**): [??] (a) Plaintiff as defined in the Limitation Act.
- Easement as defined in the Limitation Act.

- (b) Bar of Limitation.
- (c) Trustee.
- (d) Profit a Prendre.

## 2013 | Law of Copyright

### Answer any five Questions

1. (a) Briefly discuss the scope and object of Copyright Act 1957. [8]  
(b) Describe the registration procedure of Copyright Under the Present Act. [8]
2. (a) Discuss the subject matter of Copyright. [10]  
(b) What do you mean by "Originality" in Copyright Act? [6]
3. Discuss performers and Broadcasting rights as recognised under the Copyright Act, 1957. [16]
4. (a) Write a note on Ownership of Copyright. [8]  
(b) Discuss the importance of international conventions in protecting Copyright in India. [8]
5. (a) What constitutes an infringement of Copyright under the Copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]  
(b) Discuss the remedies available against the infringement at copyright under the Copyright Act, 1957. [8]
6. Write short notes on any four of the following : [4×4] (a) Copyright Board.  
(b) Literary work. (c) Musical Work.  
(b) Protection of Computer Software.  
(c) Anton pillar Order.  
(d) Damages in Copyright Action.
7. (a) "Copyright is a bundle of rights" - Discuss. [8]  
(d) Discuss the meaning of Copyright under 14 of the Copyright Act. [8]
8. (a) Whether Copyright can be transferred? If so what is the procedure? [8]  
(e) Explain 'Ide-expression' dichotomy in Copyright Law. [8]
9. Write an essay on 'Licences and Publication' under Copyright Law. [16]
10. Discuss the changes made in Copyright Law through Copyright (Amendment) Act, 2012. [16]

## **2012 | Political Science VI**

### **Answer any five Questions**

1. Discuss the purpose and principles of the United Nations. Who coined the name 'United Nations'? When United Nations officially came into existence? [6+8+2]
2. Discuss the composition and functions of the General Assembly. [6+10]
3. (a) Explain the voting procedure in the Security Council. [10]  
(b) Do you think is any real need of changing the composition of the Security Council? [6]
4. Discuss the composition and functions of the ECOSOC. How can it promote functional cooperation in International Society? [10+6]
5. State the jurisdiction and power of the International Court of Justice. How the judges of the I.C.J. are elected? [12+4]
6. What are the principal responsibilities of the Secretary General of U.N.? What kind of role does he play in world politics today? [12+4]
7. (a) Which day is celebrated every year as the 'Human Rights day' all over the world? [2]  
(c) Write a note on Universal Declaration of Human Rights. [8]  
(d) Discuss the limitations of the United Nations towards the protection of Human Rights. [6]
8. Evaluate the attempt of the United Nations towards Disarmament and Arms control. [8+8]
9. Explain the procedure to amend the Charter of the United Nations. What type of Revision of the Charter in your opinion is required in the context of contemporary International Politics? [8+8]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : [???]
  - (a) WHO.
  - (b) UNESCO.
  - (c) UNICEF.
  - (d) FAO.
  - (e) IBRD.

## **2012 | Law of Crimes II (Criminal Procedure Code)**

### **Answer any five Questions**

1. Define the following (**any four**) : [4×4] (a) Inquiry.  
(b) Trial.  
(c) Arrest.

- (d) Charge.
  - (e) Charge Sheet.
  - (f) Conviction.
  - (g) Complaint.
  - (h) Public Prosecutor.
2. (a) Mention the persons who are entitled to receive maintenance under section 125 of the Criminal Procedure Code. [8]
    - (b) Is a married daughter liable to pay maintenance to her aged infirm parents? Discuss a leading case on this point. [8]
  3. (a) Under what circumstances can a person be required to executed a bond (i) for keeping the peace, and (ii) for keeping good behaviour? [10]
    - (b) What is the procedure to be followed in a proceeding for taking security for peace or for maintaining good behaviour? [6]
  4. Distinguish between (**any four**) : [4×4]
    - (a) Summons and Warrant Case.
    - (c) Compoundable and Non- Compoundable Offence.
    - (d) Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Offence.
    - (e) Bailable and Non-Bailable Offence.
    - (f) Complaint and First Information Report. (f) Charge and Charge-Sheet.
  5. (a) When can a court grant Anticipatory Bail? Enumerate the principle of granting Anticipatory Bail. [10]
    - (b) What are the conditions to be imposed at the time of granting such Bail? Can it be granted for a limited period? [6]
  6. (a) Discuss the procedure which is to be adopted by a magistrate on receiving a complaint. [6] (b) Can a second complaint lie after the dismissal of the first complain. [10]
  7. (a) Write about the maximum sentences that can be passed by the different classes of Courts. [10]
    - (b) Can a Magistrate and a private person themselves arrest an offender? If so, under what circumstance? [6]
  8. (a) State the circumstance when Police can arrest a person without warrant. [8]
    - (b) How arrest is made? What are the statutory duties of a police to perform after arrest? [8]
  9. (a) When can the State Government file an appeal against a sentence? [6]
    - (b) Does appeal lie against the order of acquittal? If so, to what Court? [5]
    - (c) Distinguish between Appeal and Revision? [5]
  10. (a) Who can disperse an unlawful assembly? [8]
    - (b) Can armed forces be used to disperse an unlawful assembly? [8]

## **2012 | Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act**

### **Group - A**

Answer **any four** Questions

1. (a) Define 'Decree'. What are the essential ingredients of a Decree? [4+4]  
(b) What do you mean by Order? What are the distinction between Decree and Order? [4+4]
2. Define Summons. What are the modes of service of Summons? Discuss the procedure for the service of the summons in special cases. [4+6+6]
3. Discuss the Doctrine of Res-Judicata. What are the conditions for application of Res-Judicata? How does it differ from Res-Subjudicata? [4+6+6]
4. Define the term Injunction. In which cases temporary Injunction may be granted? Against whom Injunction may be issued? What are the consequences of disobedience or breach of Injunction? [2+6+4+4]
5. Write down the formalities of filling a suit against Government. Can a suit be filed against a Government servant without serving notice as required under this code? If so, when? [10+6]
6. (a) In which cases Reference, Review and Revision are maintainable? Explain with suitable judicial decisions. [10]  
(b) Point out the difference between Reference and Review. [6]
7. (a) Discuss the law relating to execution of Decree. [10]  
(b) Write a short note on "Attachment". [6]
8. (a) What is the procedure prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure for filling an appeal? Describe the forms and contents of an Appeal. [5+5]  
(b) Is the appellate Court bound to decide an appeal on merits on the basis of the material on record when the appellant appears but does not address the Court? [6]

### **Group - B**

Answer **any one** Question

9. (a) Discuss the provisions of law relating to computation of period of Limitation under the Limitation Act, 1963. [8]  
(a) Explain the words "Extension of Prescribed Period" under Section 5 of the limitation Act, 1963. [8]
10. (a) What is Legal Disability? [8]  
(a) Write, In brief, the combined effect of Sections 6 and 7. [10]

## **2012 | Law of Copyright**

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the object of Copyright Law. [12]  
(b) Explain meaning and nature of Copyright. [8]
2. Discuss with leading cases the subjects matter of Copyright. [20]
3. "International Conventions are responsible to change Copyright Law" - Discuss. [20]
4. (a) Who is "Author" under the Copyright Law? [4]  
(b) Discuss the law relating to Broadcasting Rights. [16]
5. (a) Discuss the law relating to Information and Communication Technology. [12] (b) Discuss the concept of ownership of Copyright. [8]
6. (a) Discuss the law relating to Registration of Copyright. [10]  
(b) Whether Copyright can be transferred? If so, what is the procedure? [10]
7. Write a short essay on infringement and remedies of Copyright. [20]
8. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : [4×4]
  - (a) Copyright Board.
  - (b) "Originality" in Copyright.
  - (c) Literacy Work.
  - (d) Musical Work.
  - (e) Registrar of Copyright.
  - (f) Civil remedies of Copyright.
  - (g) Anton Pillar Order
  - (h) Damages in Copyright Action