

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

**Syllabus &
Question Bank
Semester III**

Syllabus for Semester III

- Paper I - Political Science I
- Paper 2 - Sociology III
- Paper 3 - Economics I
- Paper 4 - Legal Method
- Paper 5 - Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident and Consumer Protection Act

Paper 1 ~ Political Science III

1. Political Obligation:

- (a) Meaning and Nature
- (b) Theories of the Grounds of Political Obligation
- (c) Limits of Political Obligation and Problem of Resistance
- (d) Green's View and Laski's View

2. Utilitarianism:

- (a) Meaning and Basic Tenets
- (b) Bentham's Contribution
- (c) J. S. Mill's Contribution

3. Punishment:

- (a) Different forms of Punishment
- (b) Different Theories of Punishment
- (c) Green's Theory of Punishment
- (d) Natural Law and Natural Rights

1. Liberalism:

- (a) Principles
- (b) Classical Liberalism
- (c) Modern Liberalism

2. Socialism:

- (a) Meaning and Definition
- (b) Merits and Demerits
- (c) Different Types of Socialism.

3. Marxism:

- (a) Meaning and Sources
- (b) Basic Tenets: Historical Materialism
- (c) Dialectical Materialism, Surplus value and Class Struggle
- (d) Dictatorship of the Proletariat
- (e) Role of Revolution

4. Main Currents of Indian Political Thought:

- (a) Gandhiji's Concepts of Sarvodaya, Satyagraha and State
- (b) Concept of Religion and Nehru's Contribution
- (c) Indian Socialism: Narendra Dev, Jayprakash Narayan and Rammanohar Lohia
- (d) Marxist Thought: M. N. Roy

Paper 2 ~ Sociology III

1. Social Problem: Concept, Characteristics and Approaches
2. Poverty, Beggary and Corruption
3. Illiteracy
4. Population Explosion
5. Unemployment
6. Child and Bonded Labour
7. Divorce, Dowry and Violence against Women
8. Prostitution and Aids
9. Drugs Abuse and Alcoholism
10. Juvenile Delinquency

Paper 3 ~ Economics I

1. Introduction:

- (b) Definition of Economics, Macro Economics vs. Micro Economics
- (c) Basic Concepts: Utility, Goods, Wealth, Value & Price, Wants, Welfare

2. Economics System:

- (b) Capitalist
- (c) Socialist
- (d) Mixed Economy

3. Demand:

- (b) Law of Demand, Movement & Shift of the Demand Curve
- (c) Elasticity of Demand: Types, Factors, Measurement, Importance
- (d) Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility.

4. Supply:

- (b) Law of Supply, Determinants & Elasticity of Supply
- (c) Market Equilibrium

5. Production Analysis:

- (b) Traditional Approach
- (c) Production Function, Short Run & Long Run
- (d) Shapes of Short Run Cost Curve.
- (e) Relationship between Average Cost & Marginal Cost.
- (f) Long Run Average Cost Curves

6. Cost Analysis:

- (b) Cost Function
- (c) Different Concept of Cost
- (d) Shape of Short Run Cost Curves
- (e) Relationship between Average Cost & Marginal Cost
- (f) Long Run Average Cost Curve

7. Market Structure & Revenue Concepts:

- (b) Market Morphology
- (c) Revenue Curves under different market forms
- (d) Perfect Competition Short Run & Long Run Equilibrium of a Competitive Firm.

8. Price & Output Determination under Imperfect Competition:

(b) Monopoly: Short Run & Long Run Equilibrium under monopoly price distribution.

(c) Monopolistic Competition: Short Run & Long Run Equilibrium under Monopolistic Competition.

9. Theory of Distribution:

(b) Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution

(c) Rent, Ricardian Theory, Quasi Rent, Rent Element in other factor income

(d) Wages: Money Wages/ Real Wages, Labour Supply Curve, Marginal Productivity Theory Wages

10. Factor Pricing:

(b) Interest: Gross Interest/ Net Interest, Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest

(c) Profit: Gross Profit/ Net Profit, Profit Maximisation as Business Objectives

Paper 4 ~ Legal Method

1. The idea of Law:

a) Function and Purpose of Law

b) Classification of Law

Civil and Criminal Law

Public and Private Law

Statutory and Non-Statutory Law iv. Substantive & Procedure Law

v. Municipal and International Law

2. Basic Sources of Law

a) Custom

b) Precedent

c) Legislation

d) Conventional Law

2. Family of Law

a) Common Law System

b) Civil Law or Romano Germanic System

c) African or Primitive System

3. Concept of Interpretation

4. Legal Research

- a) Concept of Legal Research
- b) Objectives
- c) Different Kind
- d) Tools
- e) Techniques
- f) Sources of Information or Data
- g) Planning
- h) Use of Law Library
- i) Analysis of Data
- j) Modes of Citation
- k) Bibliography

5. Case Study

- a) Air India vs. Nargesh Mirza, AIR 1981 SC 1829
- b) D. K. Basu vs. State of West Bengal (1997) SCC 417
- c) Geeta Hariharan vs. Reserve Bank of India, AIR 1999 SC 1149
- d) Peoples Union for Civil Liberties vs. Union of India (1997) 1 SCC 301
- e) Vishakha vs. State of Rajasthan, AIR 1997 SC 3014
- f) Bodhisatwa Gautam vs. Miss Subhra Chakraborty (1996) 1 SCC 490

**Paper 5 ~ Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident and
Consumer Protection Act**

A. Law of Tort**1. Introductory:**

(b) Definition, Nature & Scope of Law of Torts & Its Reception in India

(c) Difference Between:

Tort and Crime

Tort and Breach of Trust

Tort and Breach of Contract

2. Principle of Liberty in Torts:

Fault & No-fault liability with reference to Rule in Rylands vs. Fletcher Absolute liability with reference to M. C. Mehta vs. Union of India

3. Justification in Tort

(a) Vicarious Liability:

Master-Servant & Government Liability

4. Tort Against Person:

Assault, Battery, False Imprisonment, Malicious prosecution & Defamation with Defences

5. Torts affecting Property:

Trespass to Land and Trespass ab intio

6. Negligence:

Basic Concept, Standard of Care, Duty to Take Care, Carelessness, Inadvertence, Doctrine of Contributory Negligence & Product Liability due to negligence with Reference to Donoghue vs. Stevenson

7. Nuisance:

Definition, Essential, Types, Obstruction of Highways & Interference with Light and Air

8. Remedies in Tort: Judicial & Extra-Judicial B. Statutory Tort:

9. The Consumer Protection Act, 1986

10. The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988

Chapter-XI on compensation through Third Party Insurance.

Question Papers for Semester III

2021 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What are the different grounds of political obligation? [10]
(b) Discuss the limitations of political obligation. [10]
2. (a) Discuss Jeremy Bentham's contribution to Utilitarianism. [8]
(b) How did J.S. Mill modify Benthamite Utilitarianism? [8]
3. (a) What are the different forms of punishment? [8]

- (b) Discuss the different theories of punishment. [8]
4. (a) Define Socialism. [4]
(b) Discuss the different merits and demerits of Socialism. [12]
5. Discuss in detail the different sources of Marxism. [16]
6. (a) What are the different techniques of Satyagraha? [8]
(b) Discuss Gandhi's concept of Sarvodaya. [8]
7. (a) How did M. N. Roy contribution to the development of Marxist thought in India? [8]
(b) Discuss M. N. Roy's concept of Neo-Humanism. [8]
8. (a) What are the different elements of Liberalism? [8]
(b) Distinguish between Classical Liberalism and Modern Liberalism. [8]
9. (a) Evaluate Gandhi's concept of State. [8]
(b) Discuss Jawaharlal Nehru's concept of religion. [8]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2] (a) Doctrine of Natural Law.
(b) Doctrine of Natural Rights.
(c) Narendra Dev's Concept of Socialism. (d) Green's Theory of Punishment.

2021 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What do you understand by Social problem? Discuss in brief any three approaches of Social problem. [4+12]
2. What are the different types of Unemployment in India? Discuss the different consequences of Unemployment on our society. [6+10]
3. What is Population Explosion? Briefly discuss the effects of over-population in our country. What are the different cause of rapid growth of population in India? [2+6+8]
4. What is illiteracy? Analyze the different cause of illiteracy in India. give suggestions on how we can overcome the problem of illiteracy in India. [2+8+6]
5. What do you mean by Juvenile Delinquency? What are the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency? Suggest measures to eradicate this problem. [4+6+6]
6. What do you understand by the term "Child labour"? What are the main cause of Child Labour in our society? [4+12]
7. Mention different forms of violence faced by women in our country. How can we eradicate this problem? [8+8]

8. What are sources of transmission of HIV? Discuss the remedial measures for preventing HIV and AIDS. [8]
9. What are the different causes of Alcoholism in India? How can we eradicate this problem? [8+8]
10. Write down different evils of Dowry System in our society. mention different steps taken by Government to eradicate this problem. [8+8]

2021 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State and explain the law and demand. What is price elasticity of demand? Discuss the factors affecting price elasticity of demand. [4+4+8]
2. Critically explain Robbin's definition of Economics. Also distinguish between wealth and welfare definition of Economics. [10+6]
3. Distinguish between law of Variable Proportions and law of Return to Scale. Also state and explain the law of Variable Proportions. [6+10]
4. Explain the shapes of Average Cost, Average Variable Cost and Average Fixed Cost Curves. Prove that Marginal Cost depends only on Variable Cost. Explain the interrelationship between Marginal Cost and Average Cost. [6+4+6]
5. Distinguish between Money Wages and Real Wages. Discuss the liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [6+10]
6. Define Rent. Distinguish between Rent and Quasi-rent. Critically explain Ricardo's Theory of Rent. [2+4+10]
7. Distinguish between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Briefly discuss the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [6+10]
8. What are the features of perfect competition? Explain the short run equilibrium of a perfectly competitive firm. [6+10]
9. Distinguish between Economic Profit and Accounting Profit. Also discuss the arguments in favour of and against profit maximisation objective. [8+8]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8+8] (a) Factors affecting supply of a commodity.
 - (a) Distinguish between Fixed Cost and variable Cost and also between Explicit Cost and Implicit Cost.
 - (b) Price Discrimination.

- (c) Collective Bargaining.
- (d) Features of Capitalist Economy.

2021 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Explain the concept of "Law" with the help of definitions given by various jurists. [6]
(b) What are the objectives and purpose of the law? [10]
2. (a) Discuss in brief various sources of law. [10]
(b) Discuss the importance of custom as a source of law. [6]
3. (a) What is English Common Law System? [8]
(b) State its influence on the Indian legal system. [8]
4. Explain the Romano Germanic System under the Family of Laws. [16]
5. (a) What do you mean by interpretation? [6]
(b) Discuss the various rules of interpretation with the help of decided cases. [10]
6. Distinguish between: [4×4]
(b) Civil and Criminal Law.
(c) International law and Municipal Law. (c) Substantive Law and procedural Law. (d) Public Law and Private Law.
7. (a) Explain briefly the concept of legal research. [8] (b) Point out the objective of legal research. [4]
(c) How is the law library used for legal research? [4]
8. (a) What is "Data"? [6]
(b) What are the sources of data collection? [6]
(c) Discuss the questionnaire method of data collection. [4]
9. Discuss the facts and judgement of **any one** of the following cases: [16] (a) Air India Vs. Nargesh Mirza. AIR 1981.
a. Vishakha Vs. State of Rajasthan. AIR 1997.
b. Geeta Hariharan Vs. Reserve Bank of India. AIR 1999.
10. Write a brief notes on **any four** of the following topics: [4×4] (a) Hypothesis.
a. Bibliography.
b. Data.
c. Method of Research.
d. Different types of Legislation. (f) Precedent.

2021 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define law of torts. [8]
(b) Is it the law of tort or the law of torts? [8]
2. (a) What are "damages". particularly un-liquidated damages? [8]
(b) Discuss the defences for defamation. [8]
3. (a) Explain the essentials of law of torts. [8]
(b) You establish a school and charge Rs. 1,000/- per year as fees. Another school is set up near your school, and competition forces you to reduce your fees to Rs. 500/- Do you have a remedy in law? [8]
4. (a) What kind of relationship can be said to be a master servant relationship? [8]
(b) Explain vicarious liability of State with the help of State of Rajasthan Vs. Vidyavati. AIR 1962 SC 933. [8]
5. (a) Distinguish between Public Nuisance and private Nuisance. [8]
(b) Discuss the doctrine of contributory negligence with the help of case law. [8]
6. (a) Discuss the jurisdiction and functions of District Consumer Forum. [8]
(b) What do you mean by complaint? Who can be a complainant under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986? [8]
7. (a) Define Motor Vehicles Act, 1988. Who can apply for compensation and where the
(b) application for compensation will be filed? [8]
Discuss "Hit and Run Away Cases". Under Motor vehicles Act, 1988. [8]
8. Write a short notes on any four of the following: [4×4] (a) Defamation.
(a) Trespass to land.
(b) Damnum Sine Injuria.
(c) Injuria Sine Damno. (e) Act of God.
9. (a) Discuss the rule in Ryland's Vs. Fletcher. How is the rule of strict liability different from the rule of absolute liability? [8]
a. State the exceptions to the rule in Ryland's Vs. Fletcher. [8]
10. (a) Discuss the defences for Trespass. [8]
a. Discuss the Trespass ab initio with decided case laws. [8]

2020 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What are the different grounds of Political Obligation?
(b) Discuss the views of T. H. Green on Political Obligation. [10+6]
2. (a) Explain Jeremy Bentham's views on Utilitarianism.
(b) How did J. S. Mill modify Bentham Utilitarianism? [8+8]
3. (a) What are the different theories of punishment?
(b) Write in brief, the types of punishment. [10+6]
4. (a) What are the different types of Socialism?
(b) Discuss the merits and demerits of Socialism. [8+8]
5. (a) Explain the concept of Natural Rights.
(b) Also evaluate the Natural Law Theory. [8+8]
6. (a) What are the different sources of Marxism?
(b) How can you compare and contrast the views of Mahatma Gandhi and Karl Marx? [8+8]
7. (a) Critically discuss in detail the modern theory of Liberalism.
(b) What are its merits? [10+6]
8. (a) Discuss the Gandhian concept of Sarvodaya.
(b) How did he explain the concept of state? [8+8]
9. Explain, in detail, the contribution of Acharya Narendra dev and Jayaprakash Narayan to Indian political thought. [8+8]
10. Write short notes on **any two**: [8×2]
 - (b) Techniques of Satyagraha.
 - (c) Tenets of Utilitarianism.
 - (d) Classical Liberalism.
 - (e) Jawaharlal Nehru views on religion.

2020 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What is 'Social Problem'?
(b) Elaborate different approaches explaining different social problem. [6+10]
2. (a) Define Poverty.

- (b) Write down the consequences of poverty on our society. [4+12]
3. Write a note on Unemployment. [16]4. (a) What is corruption? [6+10]
- (a) Discuss the different measures taken to prevent corruption in India. [6+10]
4. (a) Who can be regarded as 'Bonded Labour'?
- (b) What are the main causes for the prevalence of child labour in India? [4+12]
5. Write a note on Juvenile Delinquency. [16]
6. Discuss the cause of illiteracy in India.
Give suggestions how we can remove the problem of illiteracy in India. [8+8]
7. (a) Explain the main sources of transmission of HIV.
(b) How can this problem be checked? [8+8]
8. Elaborate the concept of violence against women in India. [16]
9. (a) What are causes of drug abuse in India?
(b) How can we stop this in our society? [8+8]

2020 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Define Socialism. What are the merits and demerits of a socialist economy? Discuss how the basic problems of socialist economy differ from those of a capitalist economy. [2+6+8]
2. Distinguish between change in Quantity Demanded and Change in Demand. What do you mean by Price Elasticity of Demand? What are the determinants of Price Elasticity of Demand? [6+4+6]
3. State the law of supply. What are the reasons behind the upward slope of the supply curve? Discuss the factors that determine supply. [4+6+6]
4. Distinguish between explicit cost and implicit cost. Why are short run average cost curves U-shaped? Show the relationship between average cost and marginal cost. [6+6+4]
5. State and explain the Law of Variable Proportions. Mention the difference between the Law of Variable Proportions and the Law of Returns to Scale. [10+6]
6. What are the features of Monopoly Market? How does a monopolist achieve equilibrium in the short run? [6+10]
7. Critically discuss the Ricardian Theory of Rent. Show that rent element exists in all factor incomes. [10+6]
8. Distinguish between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Critically discuss the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [6+10]

9. Differentiate between accounting profit and economic profit. Give arguments in favour of and against profit maximisation objective of a business firm. [6+10]
10. Write short notes on **any two**: [8×2]
- (a) Micro-economics Vs. Macro Economics.
- (b) Market Equilibrium.
- (c) Economics of Scale.
- (d) Degrees of Price Discrimination.

2020 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Explain the concept of 'Law' with the help of definitions give by various jurists.
(b) What are the objectives and purpose of law? [8+8]
2. (a) Describe briefly the various sources of Law.
(b) Distinguish between Precedent and Legislation. [8+8] 3. Distinguish between **any two** of the following:
- (a) Civil Law and Criminal Law.
(b) Substantive Law and procedural Law.
(c) Municipal law and International Law. [8+8]
3. (a) What do you mean by 'Interpretation'?
(b) Differentiate between Interpretation and Construction. [8+8]
4. (a) What is English Common Law?
(b) State its influence on Indian Legal System. [6+10]
5. (a) Explain the literal rule of Interpretation with important case laws.
(b) What do you mean by Harmonious Construction? [10+6]
6. (a) Define the term 'research' and 'legal research'. Mention the objectives of legal research.
(b) What are the techniques of Legal Research? [(4+6)+6]
7. (a) Explain Doctrinal and Non-doctrinal Research.
(b) Define Hypothesis. [12+4]
8. Discuss facts, issues and judgement of **any two** of the following cases: [16]
- (a) D. K. Basu Vs. State of West Bengal. 1997 (1) SCC 417.
(b) Air India Vs. Nargesh Mirza, AIR 1981 SC 1829.
9. Write short notes on **any four** of the following: [4×4]
- (a) Essentials of Custom.

- (b) Different types of Legislation.
- (c) Bibliography.
- (d) Use of Law Liberty. (e) Case Study.

2020 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Define Tort. Is it 'Law of Tort' or 'Law of Torts'? [6+10]
2. Discuss the doctrine of 'Absolute Liability' with decided Case laws. [16]
3. Discuss the liability of master for injury caused by a servant with decided Case laws. [16]
4. (a) Define 'Trespass of Land'.
(b) Discuss the defences for Trespass to Land.
(c) Write a note on 'trespass ab initio'. [4+6+6]
5. (a) What are the essentials for the wrong of Negligence'?
(b) Discuss the defences for Negligence.
(c) What is Contributory Negligence? [4+6+6]
6. Discuss the following maxims: [8×2]
(a) Damnum Sine Injuria. (b) Injuria Sine Damno.
7. (a) Define Nuisance. Distinguish between 'Public Nuisance' and 'Private Nuisance'.
(b) Discuss the defences for Nuisance. [4+6+6]
8. Define Defamation. Discuss the defences for Defamation. [6+10]
9. Discuss the objectives of enactment of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986. [16]
10. Discuss the power and functions of Consumer Courts under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

2019 | Political Science III

Answer **any two** Questions

1. (a) Discuss the relationship between Political obligation and the right of resistance. [20]
(b) Explain T. H. Green's view on political obligation. [20]
2. (a) What is meant by Utilitarianism? [15]
(b) Discuss the basic principles of Utilitarianism. [25]
3. (a) Discuss, in detail, the different theories of punishment. [25]
(b) Explain Green's theory of punishment. [15]
4. (a) Explain the doctrine of Natural Rights. [20]

- (b) State the basic rights according to the doctrine of Natural Rights. [20]
5. (a) Explain the concept of Historical Materialism. [15]
(b) Compare and contrast the ideologies of Karl Marx and Mahatma Gandhi. [25]
6. (a) What are the different types of Socialism? [15]
(b) Discuss the merits and demerits of Socialism. [25]
7. (a) What are the different principles of Liberalism? [25]
(b) Explain the concept of modern liberalism. [15]
8. (a) Explain the Gandhi concept of Sarvodaya. [20]
(b) Discuss 'Neo-Humanism' of M. N. Roy. [20]
9. (a) Discuss, in detail, the contributions of Acharya Narendra Dev to Indian Political thought.
(b) Discuss, in detail, the contribution of Jayaprakash Narayan to Indian Political thought. [20+20]
10. Write short notes on (**any two**): [20×2]
(a) Dictatorship of the proletariat.
(b) Theory of surplus value.
(c) Problems of obedience.
(d) Role of revolution.
(e) Natural Law.

2019 | Sociology III

Answer **any two** Questions

1. (a) What do you mean by 'Social Problem'? [10]
(b) Mention different approaches explaining different social problems. [15+15]
2. (a) What are the different types of unemployment in India? [20]
(b) Write down the consequences of unemployment on our society. [20]
3. (a) What is poverty? [10]
(b) Mention different causes of poverty in India. [15]
(c) What steps has the Government takes to eradicate poverty? [15]
4. Define juvenile delinquency. [10]
What are the different causes of juvenile delinquency? [15]
(c) How can this problem be checked? [15]

5. (a) Explain the term child labour. [15]
 1. What are the main causes for the prevalence of child labour in India? [15]
 2. Who can be regarded as 'Bonded Labour'? [10]
6. (a) What is Illiteracy? [5]
 3. Discuss the causes of Illiteracy in India. [20]
 4. Give suggestions how we can remove the problem of illiteracy in India. [15]
7. (a) What is corruption? [10]
 5. What are the cause of corruption in India? [15]
 6. Discuss the different measures taken to prevent corruption in India. [15]
8. (a) What are the causes of prostitution in India? [10]
 - (b) What are the main sources of transmission of HIV? [15]
 - (c) Write down the remedial measures for preventing AIDS and HIV infection. [15]
9. Write an essay about violence against women in India? [40]
10. (a) What are the different causes of alcoholism in India? [20]
 - (d) How can we stop this problem in our society? [20]

2019 | Economics I

Answer **any two** Questions

1. State and explain the different definitions of Economics. Compare welfare definition with scarcity definition. [40]
2. What do you mean by price elasticity of demand? Explain the different kinds of price elasticity of demand with the help of figures. Discuss the factors of price elasticity of demand. [40]
3. State the law of supply. What are its exceptions? Why does the supply curve slope upward from left to right? [40]
4. State and explain the law of Variable Proportions. Distinguish between Law of Variable Proportions and Law of Returns to Scale. [40]
5. What are the characteristic features of perfect competition? Explain the short-run equilibrium of a perfectly competitive firm. [40]
6. Differentiate between fixed cost and variable cost. Show the relationship between average cost and marginal cost. Show the relationship between average cost and marginal cost. Why are short-run average cost curves U shaped? [40]
7. Critically discuss the Ricardian Theory of Rent. When does quasi rent arise? [40]

8. Distinguish between Money wages and Real wages. Discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of wages. [40]
9. Define Interest. Discuss the Liquidity preference Theory of Interest. State the causes of differences in the rate of interest. [40]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [20×2]
 - (a) Giffen's Paradox.
 - (b) Features of a socialist Economy.
 - (c) Limits of Monopolist.
 - (d) Profit Maximisation as a business objective.

2019 | Legal Method

Answer **any two** Questions

1. Discuss functions and purpose of Law. [40]
2. Distinguish between: [20+20]
 - (a) Civil and Criminal Law.
 - (b) Public and Private Law.
3. Explain custom as basic source of law with illustrations. [40]
4. Explain precedent as basic source of law with help of case laws. [40]
5. Discuss Common Law system and its relevance in India. [40]
6. Elucidate objects and purposes of interpretation. [40]
7. Explain the African system under the family of laws. [40]
8. Write a note on meaning and concept of Legal research. [40]
9. Discuss the case study - Air India Vs. Nargesh Mirza. AIR 1981 SC 1829. [40]
10. Discuss the case study - Vishakha Vs. State of Rajasthan, AIR 1997 SC 3014. [40]

2019 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any two** Questions

1. (a) "All wrongs are not torts." - Explain. [15]
 - (b) Is it law of Tort or Law of Torts? [10]
 - (c) Distinguish between Tort and Breach of Contract. [15]
2. Discuss the rule of "Strict Liability" With Decided Case Laws. [40]
3. Explain the following maxims: [20×2]

- (a) Damnum Sine Injuria.
 - (b) Injuria Sine Damnum.
4. (a) Explain the term 'Vicarious Liability'. [10]
 - (b) Discuss the liability of Master for injury caused by a servant to a stranger and a fellow servant. [20]
 - (c) "A servant is to be distinguished from an independent contractor." - Explain. [10]
 5. (a) Discuss the essentials for Defamation. [15]
 - (b) Discuss the defences for Defamation. [25]
 6. Write notes on **any four**: [10×4]
 - (a) Trespass to goods.
 - (b) Malicious Prosecution.
 - (c) Inevitable Accident.
 - (d) Contributory Negligence.
 - (e) Act of God.
 - (f) Extra-Judicial Remedies.
 7. Discuss the historical perspective of enactment of Consumer protection Act, 1986. [40] 8.

Explain the following (**any four**): [10×4]

 - (a) Complainant.
 - (b) Manufacturer.
 - (c) Consumer.
 - (d) Deficiency in service.
 - (e) Unfair Trade Practice.
 - (f) Appropriate Laboratory.
 9. Examine "No Fault Liability" in respect to hit and run cases under Motor Vehicles Act. [40]
 10. Write notes on **any four**: [10×4]
 - (a) Motor Vehicle.
 - (b) Third Party Risks.
 - (c) Provisions of Compensation under Motor Vehicle Act.
 - (d) Partial Disablement.
 - (e) Private Service Vehicle. (f) Public Service Vehicle.

2018 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What is Political Obligation? [6]
(b) Examine the different theories on the grounds of Political Obligation. [10]
2. (a) Give an account of Jeremy Bentham's concept of Utilitarianism. [8]
(b) How far this concept was modified by John Stuart Mill? [8]
3. (a) Discuss the concept of "Punishment" as viewed by the political thinkers. [6]
(b) What are the different forms of Punishment? [10]
4. Discuss the Theory of Natural Law pointing out its merits and demerits. [16]
5. What is Liberalism? Briefly discuss the basic tenets of Classical Liberalism. [6+10]
6. (a) What is meant by Socialism? State the different characteristic of Socialism.
(b) Critically analyse the Theory of "Scientific Socialism". [(4+4)+8]
7. (a) Discuss the different sources of Marxism. [12]
(b) Explain the 'Role of Revolution' as viewed by Marx. [4]
8. (a) Examine Gandhi's concept of 'Satyagraha'. [8]
(b) What are the different techniques of Satyagraha. [8]
9. Mention briefly Nehru's political philosophy with reference to his views on religion. [16]
10. Write notes on **any two**: [8×2]
 - (a) Right to Resistance.
 - (b) Abolition of Capital Punishment.
 - (c) Natural Right Theory.
 - (d) M.N. Roy and Communist Movement in India.
 - (e) Gandhi's concept of State.
 - (f) Nerendra Dev and Indian Socialism.

2018 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What do you mean by Social Problem? Discuss in brief different approaches explaining Social Problems. [4+12]
2. What are the different types of Unemployment in India? How the problem of Unemployment can be solved in India? Give your opinion. [8+8]
3. Briefly discuss the effects of over-population in our country. How should the problem be tackled to provide immediate solution? [6+10]
4. Write down the different causes of poverty in India. What steps has been taken by the government to eradicate poverty? [10+6]

5. What do you mean by Juvenile Delinquency? What are the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency? Discuss the remedial measures that can be implemented in order to reduce the rate of Juvenile Delinquency in India. [4+6+6]
6. Mention different form of violence faced by women in our country. Discuss the different laws passed by our government to ameliorate the conditions of women in India. [8+8]
7. Write down the cause of Alcoholism. What remedial measures can be taken to reduce the problem? [8+8]
8. What are the main sources of transmission of HIV? Discuss the remedial measures for preventing HIV and AIDS. [6+10]
9. What is Illiteracy? Discuss the causes of Illiteracy in India. give suggestions on how we can overcome the problem of Illiteracy in India. [2+8+6]
10. Who can be regarded as 'Bonded Labour'? Discuss the reasons behind this problem. how can this problem be eradicated? [4+6+6]

2018 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Critically explain Robin's definition of Economics. Distinguish between Wealth and Welfare definitions of Economics. [8+8]
2. What is Mixed Economy? Discuss the characteristic features of Mixed Economy. Distinguish between Capitalist Economy and Socialist Economy. [4+6+6]
3. State and explain the Law of Demand. What is Price Elasticity of Demand? Discuss the factors affecting Price Elasticity of Demand. [16]
4. Distinguish between Law of Variable Proportions and Law of Return of Scale. Also state and explain the Law of Variable Proportions. [6+10]
5. Discuss the features of Monopoly Market. Explain the Short-Run Equilibrium of Monopoly Firm. [6+10]
6. Distinguish between Explicit Cost and Implicit Cost. Why is Short-Run Average Cost Curves of a firm U Shaped? Explain the relationship between Average Cost and Marginal Cost. [16]
7. Critically discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. Illustrate the peculiarity of the labour supply curve with diagram. [10+6]
8. Define Interest. Explain the difference between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Discuss the liquidity preference Theory of Interest briefly. [2+6+8]

9. Differentiate between Accounting Profit and Economic Profit. What arguments are given in favour and against profit maximization objective of Business Firm.
10. Write shorts notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2]
 - (a) Features of Perfect Competition.
 - (b) Cross Elasticity of Demand.
 - (c) Price Discrimination.
 - (d) Rent element in other factor incomes.

2018 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What is the definition of Law as given by different Jurist? [8]
(b) What are the objectives and purpose of Law? [8]
2. (a) What is English Common Law? [6]
(b) State its influence on the Indian Legal System. [10]
3. (a) Explain the term 'Interpretation'. [6]
(b) Explain the literal rule of Interpretation with illustration. [10]
4. (a) Define the term 'Research' and 'legal Research'. Mention the objectives of Legal Research. [4+6]
(b) What are the techniques of Legal Research? [6]
5. (a) Write down the differences between Supreme and Subordinate Legislation.
(b) Define Custom and discuss different kinds of Customs. [8+8]
6. Discuss the facts and judgement of **any one** of the following cases: [16]
 - (i) D. K. Basu vs. State of west Bengal. (1997)
 - (ii) Air India vs. Nargesh Mirza. (AIR 1981)
 - (iii) Geeta Haribaran vs. Reserve Bank of India. (AIR 1999)
7. (a) Explain Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal Research. [8]
(b) What is the difference between the two? [8]
5. Distinguish between (**any four**): [4×4]
 - (a) Civil Law and Criminal Law.
 - (b) Substantive Law and Procedural Law.
 - (c) Statutory Law and Non-Statutory Law.
 - (d) Public Law and Private Law.
 - (e) Municipal Law and International Law.

- (f) Precedent and Legislation.
6. Write short notes on **any four**: [4×4]
- (a) Data.
- (b) Hypothesis.
- (c) Method of Research.
- (d) Bibliography.
- (e) Golden Rule of Interpretation.
- (f) Interpretation and Construction.

2018 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Define the term 'Tort'. Is it 'Law of Tort' or 'Law of Torts'? [8+8]
2. Discuss the 'Doctrine of Strict Liability' with decided case laws. [16]
3. (a) What is 'Vicarious Liability'? [6]
 - (a) Discuss the Vicarious Liability of the Master for the acts done by the Servant during the course of employment. [10]
4. (a) What is meant by the term "Defamation"? [4]
 - (a) Discuss the defences of Defamation. [12]
5. (a) Define Nuisance. [4]
 - (a) Discuss the different kinds of Nuisance. [6]
 - (b) Discuss the defences for Nuisance. [6]
6. (a) Define the term 'Negligence'. [4]
 - (a) Discuss the conditions to constitute Negligence as a specific tort. [4]
 - (b) Discuss the Doctrine of "Contributory Negligence". [8]
7. Distinguish between (**any two**): [8×2]
 - (a) Tort and Crime.
 - (b) False Imprisonment and Malicious Prosecution.
 - (c) Absolute Privilege and Qualified Privilege.
 - (d) Assault and Battery.
8. Write short notes (**any four**): [4×4]
 - (a) Unfair Trade Practice.

- (b) Deficiency in Service.
 - (c) Complaint.
 - (d) State Commission.
 - (e) Light Motor Vehicle.
 - (f) Act of God.
9. (a) Define 'Motor Vehicle' under Motor Vehicles Act, 1988. [4]
 (b) Who can apply for compensation? [4]
 (c) Explain 'Hit and Run-Away Case'. [8]
 10. "Consumer is King" - Explain the statement in the light of Judicial activism in Consumer Laws in India.

2017 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Analyse the concept of Political Obligation. [4]
 (b) Explain T. H. Green's view on Political Obligation. [6]
 (c) What is the relation between Political Obligation and the Right of Resistance? [6]
2. Discuss the basic principles of Utilitarianism. How did John Stuart Mill modify Bentham's Utilitarianism? [16]
3. (a) Briefly explain the different Theories of Punishment. [10]
 (b) In the present-day society, keeping in view the notice of human dignity, which theory do you prefer and why? [6]
4. Discuss the Doctrine of Natural Rights. State the basic rights according to doctrine of Natural Rights. [8+8]
5. What is Liberalism? Narrate the basic principles of Liberalism. Write a note on Modern or Contemporary Liberalism. [4+6+6]
6. Enumerate the arguments in favour of Socialism. [4]
 Explain in brief the various types of Socialism with special reference to Democratic Socialism. [12]
7. Mention briefly the basic tenets of Marxism. [16]
8. (a) What is Sarvodaya? [6]
 (b) Examine Gandhi's concept of State. [10]
9. (a) Discuss the Narendra Dev's views on Socialism. [8]
 a. Give an account of Jay Prakash Narayan's idea on 'Total Revolution'. [8]

10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8×2] (a) Natural Rights.
- Utilitarianism.
 - Classical Liberalism.
 - Demerits of Socialism.
 - Role of Revolution.
 - Concept of Satyagraha.
 - Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

2017 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

- What do you mean by 'Social Problem'? Mention different approaches explaining different Social Problems. [4+6+6]
- (a) Mention the different causes of Poverty in India. [8]
(b) What steps has the Government taken to eradicate Poverty? [8]
- (a) Discuss the causes of Illiteracy in India. [8]
(b) Give suggestions how we can overcome the problem of Illiteracy in India. [8]
- (a) What are the different types of Unemployment in India? [8]
(b) Write down the consequences of Unemployment in our society. [8]
- (a) Write down the different causes of growing rate of Divorce in India. [8]
(b) How can this problem be checked? [8]
- (a) What are the causes of Child Labour in India? [8]
(b) How can this problem be eradicate? [8]
- (a) Mention the different forms of violence faced by women in our society. [8]
(b) Discuss the different laws passed by our government to ameliorate the conditions of women in India. [8]
- (a) Define Prostitution. [4]
(b) What are the main sources of transmission of HIV? [6]
(c) What are the remedial measures preventing AIDS and HIV infection? [6]
- (a) Define Juvenile Delinquency. [4]
(b) What are the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency? [6]
(c) How can this problem be checked? [6]
- (a) What are the different causes of alcoholism in India? [8]
(b) How can this problem be checked? [8]

2017 | Economic I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State and explain critically different definitions of Economics. What is the basic difference between Value and Price? [12+4]
2. What is Capitalistic Economy? What are the characteristic features of Capitalistic Economy? Distinguish between Capitalistic Economy and Socialistic Economy. [2+8+6]
3. Differentiate between Change in Demand and Change in Quantity Demanded. Show that the value of Price Elasticity varies from zero infinity on a straight-line demand curve. What are the factors affecting Price Elasticity of Demand? [4+6+6]
4. State and explain the law of Variable Proportions. Distinguish the law of Variable Proportions from the Laws of Returns to Scale. [10+6]
5. Explain the shapes of Average Cost, Average Variable Cost and Average Fixed Cost Curves. Prove that Marginal Cost depends only on Variable Cost. Explain the interrelationship between MC and AC. [6+4+6]
6. What are the features of Perfect Competition? Explain the Short Run Equilibrium of a Perfectly Competitive Firm. [6+10]
7. Explain the shape of Labour Supply Curve. Critically discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. [6+10]
8. Distinguish between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Briefly discuss the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [6+10]
9. Define Rent. Distinguish between Rent and Quasi-rent. Critically explain Ricardo's Theory of Rent. [2+4+10]
10. Write short notes on **any two**: [8×2]
 - (a) Microeconomics vs. Macroeconomics.
 - (b) Factors affecting supply of commodity. (c) Collective Bargaining.
 - (c) Price Discrimination.

2017 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Can the term Law be precisely defined? [8]
(b) What are the functions of Law? [8]

2. (a) What do you mean by sources of Law? [8] (b) Discuss Precedent as sources of Law. [8]
3. (a) What do you mean by Interpretation? [4]
 - (b) Explain various rules regarding Interpretation with the help of case law. [12]
4. (a) Explain briefly American system of Law. [8]
 - (b) Discuss the difference between Custom and Legislation. [8]
5. Distinguish between: [4×4]
 - (b) Public Law and Private Law.
 - (c) Civil Law and Criminal Law.
 - (d) International Law and Municipal Law. (d) Substantive Law and Procedural Law.
6. (a) Write down difference between Common Law and Civil Law. [8]
 - (b) Trace the evolution and development of Common Law System. [8]
7. (a) Define the term Research. [4]
 - (c) Distinguish between Empirical and Doctrinal Research. [6] (c) Define Hypothesis. [6]
8. (a) What is Data? [6]
 - (d) What are the sources of Data Collection? [6]
 - (e) What do you mean by tools of Data Collection? [6]
9. Discuss the case laws in details (**any one**): [16×1] (a) D. K. Basu vs. State of West Bengal. (b) Vishaka vs. State of Rajasthan.
10. Write short notes on (**any four**): [4×4]
 - a. Use of Law Library.
 - b. Case Study.
 - c. Bibliography.
 - d. Secondary Data.
 - e. Essential of Custom.
 - f. Action Research.

2017 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define Tort. State the essential element for Tort. [8]
 - (b) Is it 'Law of Torts' or 'Law of Tort'? Discuss with reasons. [8]
2. (a) Explain the rule of Absolute Liability. How does it differ from Strict Liability? [10]

- (b) Write a note on the Doctrine of Common Employment. [6]
3. Explain the maxims: [8+8]
 (a) Volenti non-fit Injuria.
 (b) Injuria sine Damno.
4. (a) What is Negligence? Mention the essentials of Negligence which constitutes it as a Specific Tort. [10]
 (b) Explain the doctrine 'Res Ipsa Loquitur'. [6]
5. (a) Define Nuisance. Mention the essential elements of Nuisance. [6]
 (b) Distinguish between Public Nuisance and Private Nuisance. [6]
 (c) Write a note on Abatement of Nuisance. [4]
6. Discuss in detail the kinds of remedy available against a Tort when committed. [16]
7. (a) Define Motor Vehicle and enumerate the object of Motor Vehicle Act, 1988.
 (b) Who are entitled to get Compensation?
 (c) Where is the application for Compensation made? [8+4+4]
8. (a) Define (i) Consumer, (ii) Defective Goods. [8]
 (b) Enumerate the objective of Consumer Protection Act, 1986. [8]
9. Discuss the composition, jurisprudence and function of District Forum under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986. [16]
10. Write a note on (**any four**): [4×4]
 (a) Trespass to Land.
 (b) Actionable per se.
 (c) Trespass ab initio.
 (d) Contributory Negligence.
 (e) Ibi Jus Ibi Remedium.
 (f) Hit and run-away case.
 (g) Innuendo.

2016 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What is Political Obligation? Briefly mention the various theories on the grounds of Political Obligation. [4+8]
 (b) Explain Laski's view on Political Obligation. [4]
2. (a) Discuss Bentham's concept of Utilitarianism. [8]

- (b) How far J. S. Mill modify Bentham's Utilitarianism? [8]
3. Do you think that Capital Punishment should be abolished totally? Justify your answer. [16]
4. (a) Explain the Doctrine of Natural Law. [8]
(b) What are the basic rights according to the Doctrine of Natural Rights? [8]
5. What is Liberalism? Mention the basic tenets of Classical Liberalism. [6+10]
6. (a) Critically discuss the concept and meaning of Socialism. [8]
(b) Write a note on Democratic Socialism. [8]
7. (a) Give an account of the sources of Marxism. [12]
(b) What did Marx mean by "Withering away of the State"? [4]
8. (a) Discuss Gandhiji's concept of Satyagraha. [8]
(b) What are the techniques of Satyagraha? [8]
9. Explain Nehru's Political Philosophy with special reference to his views on Religion. [16]
10. Write notes on any two: [8×2]
(a) Right to Resistance.
(b) Different forms of Punishment.
(c) Natural Right Theory.
(d) Dialectical Materialism.
(e) M. N. Roy and Communism.

2016 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What do you understand by 'Social Problems'? Discuss in brief different approaches explaining Social Problems. [4+12]
2. What are the different causes of Beggary in India? Suggest measures to eradicate beggary problems from India. [8+8]
3. What is Illiteracy? Analyze the different causes of Illiteracy in India. Give suggestions how the problem of Illiteracy in India can be Overcome. [2+8+6]
4. Define Unemployment. What are the different types of Unemployment in India? Discuss the different consequences of Unemployment on our Society. [2+8+6]
5. What are the different causes of rapid growth of Population in India? How does Population explosion affect the economic growth of a developing country like India? [8+8]

6. What do you understand by the term 'Child Labour'? What are the main causes for the prevalence of Child Labour in India? Give suggestions as to how to eradicate this problem? [3+8+5]
7. Discuss the evil of Dowry system in our society. Mention different steps taken by the Government to eradicate this system. [8+8]
8. Define Prostitution. What are the main sources of transmission of HIV? Discuss the remedial measures for preventions AIDS and HIV infection. [2+6+8]
9. What are the different causes of Alcoholism to India? How can we eradicate this problem? [8+8]
10. Define Juvenile Delinquency. What are the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency? Suggest Measure to eradicate this problem. [4+6+6]

2016 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Critically explain Robbin's definition of Economics. Also distinguish between wealth and welfare definitions of Economics. [8+8]
2. What is Mixed Economy? Discuss the characteristic features of Mixed Economy. Distinguish between Capitalist Economy and Socialist Economy. [4+6+6]
3. State the law of Demand. What do you by Price Elasticity of Demand? What are the factors of Price Elasticity of Demand? [4+4+8]
4. What do you mean by Economics of Scale? State and explain the Law of Variable Proportions. [6+10]
5. Distinguish between Explicit Cost and Implicit Cost. Why are short-run average cost curves of a firm U-shaped? Explain the interrelationship between Average Cost and Marginal Cost. [6+4+6]
6. What are the features of a Monopoly Firm? Explain the short run equilibrium of a Monopoly Firm. [6+10]
7. Critically discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. Illustrate the peculiarity of the Labour Supply Carve with diagram. [10+6]
8. What elements are included in Gross Interest? Critically discuss the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [6+10]
9. Differentiate between Accounting Profit and Economic Profit. What argument are given in favour of and against Profit Maximisation objective of a Business Firm. [6+10]
10. Write short notes on **any two**: [8×2]
 - (a) Cross Elasticity of Demand.
 - (b) Market Equilibrium.

- (c) Price Discrimination.
- (d) Rent Element in other factor Income.

2016 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Explain the concept of 'Law' with the help of definitions given by various jurists. [8]
(b) What are the objectives and purpose of Law? [8]
2. (a) What is English Common Law? [6]
(b) State its influence on the Indian Legal System. [10]
3. (a) What do you mean by Interpretation of Statutes? [8]
(b) Differentiate between Interpretation and Construction. [8]
4. (a) Explain the Literal Rule of Interpretation with the help of decided Cases.
(b) What do you understand by Harmonious Construction? [10+6]
5. (a) Explain the terms 'Research' and 'Legal Research'. [5]
(b) What are the objectives of Legal Research? [5]
(c) What are the techniques of Legal Research? [6]
6. (a) Write down the differences between Supreme and Sub-ordinate Legislation.
(b) What is Custom? Discuss the different types of Custom. [8+8]
7. Explain Doctrinal and Non doctrinal Research. [16]
8. Distinguish between (**any four**): [4×4]
 - (a) Municipal Law and International Law.
 - (b) Public Law and Private Law.
 - (c) Civil Law and Criminal Law.
 - (d) Substantive Law and Procedural Law.
 - (e) Statutory Law and Non-Statutory Law.
 - (f) Precedent and Legislation.
9. Discuss the facts and judgement of **any one** of the following cases: [16×1]
 - (a) D. K. Basu V. State of West Bengal (1997) SCC417.
 - (b) Bodhisatwa Gautam V. Subhra Chakraborty (1996) ISCC490.
 - (c) Geeta Hariharam V. Reserve Bank of India (1999) SC1149.
10. Write short notes on **any four** of the following: [4×4]
 - (a) Romano-Germanic system of Law.
 - (b) Data.

- (c) Hypothesis.
- (d) Case study method of research.
- (e) Bibliography.
- (f) Mischief rule of Interpretation.

2016 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What do you understand by the term "Tort"? [8]
(b) Is it "Law of Torts" or "Law of Tort"? [8]
2. Discuss the "Rule of Strict Liability" with decided case laws. [16]
3. Explain the maxim: [8×2]
(a) Damnum Sine Injuria.
(b) Injuria Sine Damnum.
4. (a) Explain the essential conditions to constitute negligence as a Specific Tort.
(b) Discuss the Doctrine of Contributory Negligence. [8+8]
5. (a) What is Vicarious Liability? [4]
(b) Discuss the liability of the Master for the acts done by the Servant during the course of Employment. [12]
6. (a) Define Nuisance. [4]
(b) What are the essentials of Nuisance? [6]
(c) Discuss the different kinds of Nuisance. [6]
7. Distinguish Between (**any two**): [8×2] (a) Strict Liability and Absolute Liability.
(a) Assault and Battery.
(b) Tort and Contract.
(c) Absolute Privilege and Qualified Privilege.
8. State the meaning of the following (**any four**): [4×4] (a) Complaint.
(a) Manufacturer.
(b) Service.
(c) Consumer.
(d) Unfair Trade Practice. (f) Deficiency.

9. Discuss the history and development of Consumer Protection Law with special reference to India.
10. (a) Define Motor Vehicle. [4]
 (b) Who can apply for Compensation? [4]
 (c) Write a note on 'Hit and Run-Away Case'. [8]

2015 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Write a note on Political Obligation as View by T. H. Green. [8]
 (b) Discuss the problems of Obedience to the State. [8]
2. (a) What is meant by Utilitarianism? [4]
 (b) Discuss the basic tenets of Utilitarianism. [12]
3. (a) Discuss in detail the various Theories of Punishment. [10]
 (b) Explain Green's Theory of Punishment. [6]
4. (a) Define the Theory of Natural Right. [6]
 (b) Evaluate the various merits and demerits of the Doctrine of Natural Rights. [10]
5. Discuss in details the Modern Theory of Liberalism. [16]
6. (a) What are the different types of Socialism? [8]
 (b) Discuss the merits and demerits of Socialism. [8]
7. (a) What are the basic tenets of Marxism? [8]
 (b) Discuss "Dictatorship of the Proletariat" and "Role of Revolution" as viewed by Karl Marx. [10]
8. (a) Explain the Gandhian concept of Sarvodaya. [10]
 (b) What is the concept of State as viewed by Mahatma Gandhi? [6]
9. What are the contributions of Acharya Narendra Dev and Jayaprakash Narayan to Indian political thought? [8+8]
10. Write Short Note on **any two**: [8x2]
 - (a) Problem of Resistance.
 - (b) Natural Law.
 - (c) Class Struggle.
 - (d) Merits of Socialism.
 - (e) Satyagraha.
 - (f) Classical Liberalism.

2015 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What do you mean by 'Social Problem'? [4]
(b) Mention different approaches explaining different Social Problems. [6+6]
2. (a) Write down different causes of Poverty in India. [8]
(b) Give your suggestions how is it possible to eradicate Poverty from India. [8]
3. (a) Discuss the causes of Illiteracy in India. [8]
(b) Give Suggestions how we can overcome the problem of Illiteracy in India. [8]
4. (a) What are the different types of Unemployment of India? [8]
(b) Write down the consequences of Unemployment on our Society. [8]
5. (a) Why the rate of Divorce in India is increasing? [8]
(b) How can this problem be checked? [8]
6. (a) What are the Causes of Child Labour in India? [8]
(b) How can this problem be eradicated? [8]
7. (a) Mention different forms of violence faced by women in our society. [8]
(b) Discuss different laws passed by our government to ameliorate the conditions of women in India. [8]
8. (a) What are the different causes of Alcoholism in India? [8]
(b) How can we stop this in our society? [8]
9. (a) What are the causes of Prostitution in India? [6]
(b) What are the main Sources of Transmission of HIV? [5]
(c) Write down the remedial Measure for preventing AIDs and HIV infection. [5]
8. (a) What do you mean by Juvenile Delinquency? [4]
(b) What are the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency? [6]
(c) How this problem can be checked? Give your suggestion. [6]

2015 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Define Socialism. What are the characteristic features of a Socialist Economy? Distinguish between Socialist Economy and Capitalist Economy. [2+6+8]
2. What is Price Elasticity of Demand? State the difference kinds of Price Elasticity of Demand with figures. Discuss the factor affecting Price Elasticity of Demand. [3+5+8]

3. Explain the Law of Variable Proportions. Differentiate between Law of Variable Proportions and Law of Returns to Scale. [10+6]
4. Distinguished between Fixed Cost and Variable Cost. Why are average curves U-shaped? Explain the relationship between Average Cost and Marginal Cost. [6+4+6]
5. State the Law of Supply. Why does the Supply Curve slope upward from left to right? Explain the factor that affect supply. [4+6+6]
6. What are the features of Perfect Competition? Explain the short run equilibrium of a perfectly competitive firm. [6+10]
7. Critically discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. Discuss the role of Trade Union in Raising Wages. [10+6]
8. What is Quasi-Rent? Discuss the Ricardian Theory of Rent? [6+10]
9. Distinguished between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Explain the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [6+10]
10. Distinguished Between any two (**any two pairs**): [8x2]
 - (a) Microeconomics and Macroeconomics.
 - (b) Change in quantity demanded and change in demand.
 - (c) Short run and Long-run production function.
 - (d) Gross Profit and Net Profit.

2015 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define 'Law' according to various Jurist? [4]
(b) What are the purpose and function of Law? [12]
2. (a) Enumerate the various sources of Law? [8]
(b) Distinguished Between: [8]
 - (i) Precedent and Legislation.
 - (ii) Custom and Usage.
3. (a) What do you mean by 'Interpretation'? [4]
(b) Explain the "Golden Rule" and "Mischief Rule"? [12]
4. (a) Define the term "Research" and "Legal Research"? [4]
(b) What are the different kind of Research? [6]
(c) What are the differences between Doctrinal and Non-doctrinal Research? [6]
5. Difference Between - [4+4+4+4]

- (a) Civil and Criminal Law.
 - (b) Substantive and Procedural Law.
 - (c) Statutory and Non-statutory Law.
 - (d) Municipal and International Law.
6. (a) Trace the evolution and development of the Common Law System? [10]
(b) Write a short note on Romano-Germanic family. [6]
 7. (a) What is 'Data'? [4]
(b) What are the sources of Data Collection? [6]
(d) Discuss the questionnaire method of Data Collection? [6]
 8. Discuss facts, Issues and Judgement of **any one** of the Following: [16]
(a) Air India vs. Nargesh Mirza AIR 1981 - SC 1829
(b) Vishaka vs. State of Rajasthan AIR 1997 - SC 301
 9. Write Short Notes (**any four**): [4x4]
(a) Case Study.
(b) Hypothesis.
(c) Bibliography.
(d) Use of Legal Library.
(e) Different types of Legislation.
 10. Discuss the importance of 'Precedent' as a source of Law? What is the applicability of the Doctrine of Precedent in India? [12+4]

2015 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define Tort. [6]
(b) Is it 'Law of Torts' or 'Law of Tort'? [5]
(c) Distinguish between 'Torts and Crime'. [5]
2. Discuss the following maxims: [8+8]
(a) Damnum Sine Injuria.
(b) Injuria Sine Damnum.
3. Discuss the rule of 'Strict Liability' with the help of decided Case Laws. [16]
4. "A master is answerable for every such wrong of a servant as committed in the course of Service" (Salmond) -Discuss with Case Laws. [16]

5. (a) Define Defamation. [4]
 - (b) What are the conditions for Defamation? [6]
 - (c) Discuss the Defences for Defamation. [6]
6. (a) Define Nuisance. [4]
 - (b) What are the essentials of Nuisance as a Tort? [4]
 - (c) Discuss briefly the Kinds of Nuisance. [8]
7. Distinguished between: [8+8]
 - (a) False Imprisonment and Malicious Prosecution.
 - (b) Libel and Slander.
8. Discuss the composition, powers and function of District Forum. [16]
9. (a) Define 'Motor Vehicle' under Motor Vehicle Act, 1988. [6]
 - (b) Explain the objectives of the enactment of Motor Vehicle Act, 1988. [5]
 - (c) Discuss "Hit and Run-Away Cases". [5]
10. Write Short Notes (any four : [4x4])
 - (a) Service.
 - (b) State Commission.
 - (c) Act of God.
 - (d) Light Motor Vehicle.
 - (e) Consumer.
 - (f) Trespass ab initio.

2014 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What do you mean by Political Obligation? discuss the different theories to explain the grounds of Political Obligation. [6+10]
2. Examine Bentham's contribution to Utilitarianism. How did J. S. Mill modify Bentham's Utilitarianism. [8+8]
3. What are the different forms of Punishment? Should capital Punishment be abolished altogether? Give reason for your answer. [8+8]
4. Define the Theory of Natural Law. What are the various merits and demerits of the Doctrine of Natural Law? [4+12]

5. What are the main features of the Classical Theory of Liberalism. Show how J. S. Mill revised the Classical Theory of Liberalism? [8+8]
6. Discuss the meaning and the characteristics of Socialism. Critically analyse the Theory of Scientific Socialism. [8+8]
7. What are the various sources of Marxism. What is meant by the "Withering away of the state" by Karl Marx? [12+4]
8. Write a note on M. N. Roy's views on Politics. Why is he called a Radical Humanist? Give reasons for your answer. [8+8]
9. Discuss the meaning and implications of Gandhian concept of Satyagraha. What are the various techniques of Satyagraha? [8+8]
10. Write short notes on any two of the following: [8x2]
 - (a) Problems of Resistance.
 - (b) Theory of Natural Rights.
 - (c) Gandhian concept of Sarvodaya.
 - (d) Dictatorship of the Proletariat.
 - (e) The Theory of Surplus value.

2014 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What is Social Problem? Write down different characteristic of Social Problem. Write any one approach to Social Problem. [4+6+6]
2. Write down different causes of Beggary in India. Suggest measures to eradicate Beggary problem from India. [8+8]
3. Why still now Literacy rate in India's not very satisfactory? How the Literacy rate in India can be improved? Give your suggestion. [8+8]
4. Discuss different reasons behind the rapid growth of Population in India. Suggest few measures to control the Population explosion. [8+8]
5. Discuss the different types of Unemployment in India. How the problem of Unemployment can be solved in our country? give your opinion. [8+8]
6. Who can be regarded as "Bonded Labour"? Give few examples, Discuss the reason behind this problem. How can this problem be eradicated? [4+6+6]

7. Write down different evils of dowry system in our society. Mention different steps taken by the Government to eradicate this system. [8+8]
8. What do you mean by HIV and AIDS? What measure can be taken to prevent and overcome the problem? [8+8]
9. Write down different causes of Drug Addiction in our society? How this problems can be solved? [8+8]
10. What do you mean by Juvenile Delinquency? Discuss the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency. Suggest few measures to tackle the problem. [4+6+6]

2014 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State and explain the Law of Demand. What is Price Elasticity of Demand? Discuss the factors affecting Price Elasticity of Demand. [4+4+8]
2. What is Capital Economy? Explain its main feature. Also discuss some merits and demerits of Mixed Economy. [2+6+8]
3. Distinguish between Law of Variable Proportion and Law of Return to Scale. Also state and explain the Law of Variable Proportion. [6+10]
4. Distinguish between Explicit and Implicit Cost. Why Average Cost curve is U-shaped? Also explain the interrelationship between Marginal Cost and Average Cost. [6+10]
5. Discuss the essential feature of Monopoly Market. Explain the Short Run Equilibrium of a Monopoly Firm. [6+10]
6. Distinguish between Money Wages and Real Wages. Discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. [4+12]
7. Define Interest. Explain the difference between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Discuss in brief the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest-rate Determination. [2+6+8]
8. When Price Discrimination by a monopolist becomes possible and profitable? Discuss with the help of suitable diagram, the conditions of equilibrium of a monopolist practice third degree Price Discrimination. [6+10]
9. Distinguish between Economic Profit and Accounting Profit. Also discuss the arguments in favour of and against Profit Maximisation Object. [6+10]
10. Write short notes on (**any two**): [8+8]
 - (a) Factors affecting supply of a commodity.
 - (b) Market Equilibrium.
 - (c) Factors of Perfect Competition. (d) The Ricardian Theory of Rent.

2014 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define 'Law' and explain the concept of Law with the help of definition give by different jurist. [8]
(b) What are the objectives and functions of Law. [8]
2. Discuss the Common Law System and Romano Germanic System of Law and point out the differences between the above two legal systems. [16]
3. (a) Describe briefly the various sources of Law. [8]
(b) Write down the difference between Precedent and Legislation. [8]
4. Distinguish between **any two** from the following: [8x2]
(a) Civil Law and Criminal Law.
(b) Substantive and Procedural Law.
(c) Municipal Law and Interpretational Law.
5. (a) Define and explain the term "Interpretation". [6]
(b) Explain the Literal Rule of Interpretation with illustration. [10]
6. (a) What do you understand by Harmonious Construction? [6]
(b) Explain the rule in Heydon's Case. [10]
7. (a) Define the term "Research" and "Legal Research". Mention the objectives of Legal Research. [4+6]
(b) What are the techniques of Legal Research. [6]
8. (a) What are the differences between Supreme and Subordinate Legislation. [8]
(b) Define Custom and Discuss different kinds of Customs. [8]
9. Discuss facts, judgement, issues of **any one** of the following: [16]
(b) D. K. Basu vs. State of West Bengal [(1997) 1 SCC 417]
(c) Air India vs. Nargesh Mirza, [AIR 1981 SC 1829]
(d) Vishakha vs. State of Rajasthan, [AIR 1997 SC 3014]
10. Write Short Notes (**any four**): [4x4]
(a) Interpretation and Construction.
(b) Statutory and non-statutory law.
(c) Bibliography.
(d) Sources of data collection.
(e) Hypothesis.
(f) Objectives of Research.

2014 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What do you understand by a 'Tort'? [8]
(b) Is it "Law of Torts" or "Law of Tort"? [8]
2. Discuss the "Rule of Strict Liability" stating the various exceptions available against the rule. [16]
3. (a) Define the term 'Negligence' and discuss the essentials of it. [8]
(b) Explain the Doctrine of "Res Ipsa Loquitur". [8]
4. Write short notes on **any two**: [8x2] (a) Damnum Sine Injuria.
(b) Injuria Sine Damnum.
(c) Trespass to Land. (d) Public Nuisances.
5. "A man is answerable for every such wrong of a servant as committed in the course of service".
(salmond) - Discuss with Case Law. [16]
6. Distinguish between: [8+8]
(b) Absolute Privileges and Qualified Privileges.
(c) False Imprisonment and Malicious Prosecution.
7. Discuss the Composition, Jurisdiction and function of State Consumer Forum. [16]
8. Write short notes on **any two** : [8x2]
(a) Appropriate Laboratory.
(b) Complainant.
(c) Deficiency.
(d) Consumer.
(e) Unfair Trade Practice.
9. (a) Define 'Motor Vehicle' under Motor Vehicle Act, 1988 [4]
(f) Who can apply for compensation? [4]
(g) What do you mean by "Hit and Run-away case"? [8]
10. Discuss in detail the underlying objectives of the Motor Vehicle Act, 1988. [16]

2013 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Analyse the concept of Political Obligation. [6]
 (b) Explain T. H. Green's view on Political Obligation. [8]
 (c) What is the relation between Political Obligation and Right of Resistance?[2]
2. Discuss the basic principle of Utilitarianism. How did John Smart Mill modify Bentham's Utilitarianism. [8+8]
3. (a) Briefly explain the different Theories of Punishment. [10]
 (b) In the present-day society keeping in view the nation of human dignity. Which theory do you prefer and why? [6]
4. Discuss the Doctrine of Natural Right. State the basic rights according to the Doctrine of Natural Right. [8+8]
5. What is Liberalism? Narrate the basic principle of Liberalism. Write a note on Modern or Contemporary Liberalism. [4+6+6]
6. Enumerate the argument in favour of Socialism. Explain in brief the various types of Socialism with special reference to Democratic Socialism. [4+12]
7. Mention briefly the basic tenets of Marxism. [16]
8. (a) What is Sarvodaya? [6]
 (b) Examine Gandhi's concept of State.
9. (a) Discuss Narendra Dev's views on Socialism. [8]
 (b) Give an account of Jay Orakash Narayan's idea on "Total Revolution". [8]
10. Write short notes on **any two** of the following: [8x2]
 - (a) Right of Resistance.
 - (b) Natural Law.
 - (c) Class Struggle.
 - (d) Satyagraha.
 - (e) Classical Liberalism.
 - (f) Nehru's Concept of Religion.

2013 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. Mention the different approaches explaining different Social Problems. Discuss any one of the approaches in brief? [10+6]

2. What is Poverty? Write down the different causes of Poverty in India. What steps the Government has taken to eradicate Poverty? [2+8+6]
3. Discuss the different measure taken to prevent Corruption In India. [16]
4. What is Illiteracy? Discuss the causes of Illiteracy in India. Give suggestions how we can overcome the problem of Illiteracy in India. [8+8]
5. Discuss the present feature of Unemployment in India. Discuss the different types of Unemployment in India? [8+8]
6. Write down the different causes of growing rate of Divorce in India. How can this problem be checked? [8+8]
7. Explain the term Child Labour. What are the main causes for the prevalence of Child Labour in India? Who can be regarded as "Bonded Labour"? [6+6+4]
8. Discuss different forms of Violence faced by women in our society. Do you think that violence against women continues in our society in spite of various Laws? [10+6]
9. Define Prostitution. What are the main sources of transmission of HIV? What are the remedial measures for preventing AIDS and HIV infection? [4+6+6]
10. Define Juvenile Delinquency. Do you think that strict Laws and Its enforcement can reduce this problem? [8+8]

2013 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State and explain the law of Demand what is Price Elasticity of Demand? Discuss the factors affecting Price Elasticity of Demand. [4+4+8]
2. What is Mixed Economy? Discuss the characteristic features of Mixed Economy. Distinguish between Mixed Economy and Capitalist Economy. [2+8+6]
3. State and explain the law of Variable Proportions. Distinguish between the law of Variable Proportions and the law of return to scale. [12+4]
4. Distinguish between Fixed Cost and Variable Cost. Explain the interrelationship between Marginal Cost and Average Cost. Why Average Cost is U-shaped? [4+8+4]
5. Distinguish between Real Wages and Money Wages. Explain the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. [4+12]
6. What is Quasi Rest? Explain critically Ricardian Theory of Rent. [4+12]
7. Define Interest. Explain the difference between Gross Interest and Net Interest. Discuss in brief the Liquidity Preference Theory of Interest. [4+6+6]

8. Distinguish between Economic Profit and Accounting Profit. Discuss the arguments both in favour of and against the Profit Maximization of a Business Firm. [6+10]
9. What are the characteristics feature of Monopoly Market? Distinguish perfect competition market from Monopoly Market. When Price-discrimination by a monopolist becomes possible and profitable? [4+6+6]
10. Write a short note on **any two** : [8+8]
 - (b) Robbin's Scarcity definition of Economics.
 - (c) Factors affecting supply of a commodity.
 - (d) Reasons of downward slope of Demand Curve. (d) Collecting Bargaining.

2013 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Can the term 'Law' be precisely defined? [6]
(b) What are the function and purposes of Law? [10]
2. (a) Mention the various sources of Law. [8]
(b) Discuss Legislation as a source of Law. [8]
3. (a) What is English Common Law? [6]
(b) State its influence on the Indian Legal System [10]
4. (a) Define Interpretation. [6]
(b) Explain the Golden Rule of Interpretation. [10]
5. Distinguish between (**any four**) : [4x4]
 - (a) Municipal Law and International Law.
 - (b) Civil Law and Criminal Law.
 - (c) Substantive Law and Procedural law.
 - (d) Common Law System and Civil Law System.
 - (e) Statutory and Non-Statutory Law.
 - (f) (Private Law and Public Law.
6. (a) Explain briefly the concept of Legal Research. [5]
(b) Point out the objectives of Legal Research. [6]
(c) How is a law library used for Legal Research. [5]
7. Discuss facts and judgement of **any one** of the following: [16]
 - (b) D. K. Basu vs. State of West Bengal [(1997) I SCC 417]
 - (c) Peoples Union for Civil Liberties vs. Union of India [(1997) I SCC 301]

- (d) Vishakha vs. State of Rajasthan, [AIR 1997 SC 3014]
8. (a) Explain in brief the Literal Rule of Interpretation. [8]
 (b) What is Harmonious Constitution. [8]
9. Explain the Doctrinal and Non-doctrinal Legal Research. [16]
10. Write Short Notes (**any four**) : [4x4]
- (a) Bibliography.
 (b) Analysis of Data.
 (c) Precedent.
 (d) Tools of Research.
 (e) Romano-Germanic Family.
 (f) 'Sati' as a Custom.

2013 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) What do you understand by a 'Tort'? How does a tortious liability arise?
 (b) Discuss the similarities and differences between Torts and Crimes. [4+6+6]
2. (a) Explain the principles underlying the maxim 'Volenti non fit Injuria' with a suitable illustration. What a defendant, who relies on the defence of 'Volenti non fit Injuria' must show? [10]
 (b) What are the limitations of this doctrine? [6]
3. (a) What is Defamation? Explain the conditions which may be said to be required to constitute Defamation. [4+6]
 (b) Explain Libel and Slander, and distinguish between two. [6]
4. (a) Explain in detail the essential conditions to Constitutive Negligence as a specific tort. [10]
 Discuss with suitable case law, what is Contributory Negligence. [6]
5. (a) What is Vicarious Liability? Classify the acts of the servant for which master is liable on the principles of Vicarious Liability. [12]
 (b) In order to demonstrate his car to a customer, the defendant took the customer and his son in the car and allowed the customer's son to drive for trial. The latter caused an accident through negligence. is the defendant liable? [4]

6. (a) "Every Injuria imports a damage through it does not cost the party a farthing" Examine the statement. [8]
 (b) Define and discuss damages as a remedy which the plaintiff can avail of after the tort is committed. [8]
7. (a) define nuisance citing suitable illustration. [4]
 (b) What are the essential of Nuisances as a tort? [8]
 (c) Discuss briefly the kinds of Nuisance. [4]
8. (a) Describe the composition, power and function of District Forum. [10] (b) Distinguish between: [3+3]
 (i) Defect and Deficiency.
 (ii) Contract of service and Contract for services.
9. Write short notes on **any four**: - [4x4]
 (a) Battery.
 (b) Innuendo.
 (c) Strict Liability.
 (d) Absolute Liability.
 (e) Consumer.
 (f) Act of God.
 (g) Res Ipsa Loquitur.
 (h) Trespass.
 (i) Light Motor Vehicle.
10. (a) Define 'Motor Vehicle' under Motor Vehicle Act, 1988 [4]
 (j) Who can apply for compensation? [4]
 (k) Where the application for compensation will be filled? [4]
 (l) What do you mean by "Hit and Run-away case"? [4]

2012 | Political Science III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. What is meant by Political Obligation? Discuss the different theories to explain the ground of Political Obligation. [6+10]
2. What is Utilitarianism? Examine Bentham's contribution to the Doctrine of Utilitarianism. [6+10]
3. Write a note on various forms of Punishment. Should Capital Punishment be abolished altogether? Give reason for your answer. [8+8]

4. Explain the Theory of National Law enumerating the merits and demerits of the doctrine. [10+6]
5. What is Liberalism? Discuss the basic tenets of Classical Liberalism. [8+8]
6. (a) Discuss in brief the meaning and characteristic of Socialism. [8]
(c) Critically analyse the Theory of Scientific Socialism. [8]
7. (a) Briefly narrate the sources of Marxism. [12]
(c) What did Marx mean by 'Withering Away of the State'? [4]
8. (a) Discuss the meaning and implication of Gandhian concept of Satyagraha? [8]
(c) What are the techniques of Satyagraha ? [8]
9. What do you know about the political views of Manabendra Nath Roy? [16]
10. Write short notes on any two : [8x2]
 - (a) Problem of Resistance.
 - (b) Theory of Natural Rights.
 - (c) J. S. Mill's Contribution to Theory of Utilitarianism.
 - (d) Reformatory Theory of Punishment.
 - (e) Utopian Socialism.
 - (f) Gandhi's Concept of Sarvodaya.
 - (g) Dialectical Materialism.

2012 | Sociology III

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Write down the concept and characteristics of Social Problem. [6+6]
(b) Mention the different types of Social Problem. [4]
2. (a) Point out different types of Beggars found in our society. [8]
(c) Discuss the causes of Beggars in India. [8]
3. (a) What are the different causes of rapid growth of Population in India? [8]
(b) How does Population explosion affect the economic growth of developing country like India? [8]
4. (a) Why a huge bulk of population in India are still Illiterate? [8]
(b) How the Literacy rate in India can be improved? Give your own suggestions. [8]
5. (a) Discuss the different types of Unemployment in India. [8]
(b) How the problem of Unemployment can be solved in our country? Give your opinion. [8]
6. (a) Who can be regarded as "Bonded Labour"? Give few Examples. [8]

- (b) How can this problem be eradicated? [8]
7. (a) "Dowry is a social evil". What do you mean by Dowry? [4]
 (b) Write down different bad consequences of Dowry system in our society? [6]
 (c) What steps the Government has been taken to eradicate the system? [6]
8. (a) What do you mean by HIV and AIDS? [6]
 (b) What measures can be taken to prevent and overcome the problem? [10]
9. (a) Write down different causes of Alcoholism. [8]
 (b) What remedial measures can be taken to reduce the problem? [8]
10. (a) Who are Juvenile Delinquent? [6]
 (b) Discuss the different causes of Juvenile Delinquency in India. [10]

2012 | Economics I

Answer **any five** Questions

1. State the Law of Demand. Explain the reasons of downward slope of Demand curve. Also explain the exception to the Law of Demand. [2+6+8]
2. Critically explain Robbin's definition of Economics. Also distinguish between Welfare and Wealth definition of Economics. [10+6]
3. Distinguish between Law of Variable Proportion and Law of Returns to Scale. Also state and explain the law of Variable Proportions. [10+6]
4. Distinguish between Fixed Cost and Variable Cost. Why average Cost Curve is U-shaped? Also explain the interrelationship between Marginal Cost and Average Cost? [6+4+6]
5. Define Supply. Discuss the factor affecting Supply. Explain different types of Elasticity of Supply Curves. [2+8+6]
6. Discuss the essential features of Perfect Competition. Explain the short run equilibrium of a perfectly competitive firm. [6+10]
7. Distinguish between Economics Profit and Accounting Profit. Also discuss the argument in favour of and against Profit-Maximisation objective. [6+10]
8. What is Quasi-rent? Explain critically Ricardian Theory of Rent. [4+12]
9. Distinguish between Money Wages and Real Wages. Discuss the Marginal Productivity Theory of Wages. [4+12]
10. Write short notes (**any two**) : [8+8] (a) Market Equilibrium.
 (b) Distinction between Law of Variable Proportion and Law of Returns to Scale. (c) Third Degree Price Discrimination.

- (d) Distinction between Fixed Cost and Variable Cost and also between Explicit and Implicit Cost.

2012 | Legal Method

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define Law according to various jurists. [4]
(b) What are the purpose and function of Law? [12]
2. (a) Name and explain in brief various sources of Law. [10]
(b) Differences between Precedent and Legislation. [6]
3. (a) Define Interpretation. [4]
(b) Explain Golden Rule and Mischief Rule. [12]
4. Distinguish Between:- [8+8]
(a) Municipal and International Law.
(b) Substantive and Procedural Law.
Or,
(c) Statutory and Non-Statutory law.
(d) Civil and Criminal law.
5. (a) Define the terms "Research" and "Legal Research". What are the different Kinds of Research ? [4+6]
(b) What are the techniques of Legal research? [6]
6. (a) Trace the evolution and development of the Common Law System. [10]
(b) Point out the difference between Common law System and Civil Law System. [6]
7. Write Short Notes (**any four**) : [4x4]
 - a. Bibliography
 - b. Tools
 - c. Use of Legal Library
 - d. Data
 - e. Sources of data collection
 - f. Romano Germanic System
 - g. Hypothesis
 - h. Case Study
8. (a) Define "Custom" and discuss different kinds of Custom. [8]
(b) How is "Custom" distinguished from "Usage"? [8]

9. (a) Explain briefly the African and Primitive System of Law. [10]
(b) Define and name different types of Legislation. [6]
10. Discuss facts, judgement, issues of **any one** of the following: [16]
 - (a) Vishakha vs. State of Rajasthan, [AIR 1997 SC 3014]
 - (b) Geeta Hariharan vs. Reserve Bank of India, [AIR 1999 SC 1149]
 - (c) Air India vs. Nargesh Mirza, [AIR 1981 SC 1829]
 - (d) Bodhisatwa Gautam vs. Miss Subhra Chakraborty [(1996) 1 SCC 490]

2012 | Law of Torts Including Motor Vehicles Accident & Consumer Protection Law

Answer **any five** Questions

1. (a) Define 'Tort'. What is the main purpose of law of Torts? [6]
(b) "There is a law of Torts, but not a law of Tort" - Explain. [5]
(c) Distinguish between "Tort and Crime". [5]
2. Discuss the following maxims: [8+8]
 - (a) Damnum Sine Injuria.
 - (b) Injuria Sine Damnum.
3. What do you mean by "Absolute Liability"? How is it different from "Strict Liability"? Explain with the help of cases. [8+8]
4. (a) "Negligence is a tort which involves a person's branch of duty, that is imposed upon him to take care, resulting damage to the complainant." - In the light of the above statement define negligence and bring out its essentials. [8]
(b) Explain the doctrine of "Res-Ipsa Loquitur". [8]
5. (a) What is "Vicarious Liability"? Classify the acts of the servant for which master is liable on the principle of vicarious liability. [8]
(b) Who is an Independent Contractor? When the employer will be liable for wrong of the Independent Contractor? [8]
6. Discuss the composition, jurisdiction and functions of District Consumer Forum. [16]
7. (a) What do you mean by the Complaint? Who can be a Complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986? [8]
(b) What is the manner in which a complaint may be made to the District Forum? who can fit it? [8]

8. (a) What is the composition of the State Commission? Is there any administrative control of this Commission over the District Forums? [8]
(b) How the orders made by National Commission is enforced? Is there any penalty for noncompliance with those order? [8]
9. (a) Define 'Motor Vehicle' under Motor Vehicle Act, 1988 [4]
(b) Who can apply for compensation? [4]
(c) Where the application for compensation will be filled? [4]
(d) What do you mean by "Hit and Run-Away Case"? [4]
10. State the meaning of the following (**any four**): [4x4]
 - (a) Date of order.
 - (b) Complaint.
 - (c) Manufacturer.
 - (d) Service.
 - (e) Person.
 - (f) Private Nuisance.
 - (g) Waiver.