

(5)

13/12/2022

LM(II)-Torts Law-1C

2022

**TORTS LAW**

**First Paper**

**(Group - C)**

**Full Marks : 80**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

Answer *any four* questions.

1. Discuss the history and development of Law of Torts with reference to Indian Legislative history. 20
  2. Discuss the nature and scope of Law of Torts. Is it 'Law of Tort' or 'Law of Torts'? Discuss in detail. 20
  3. "Strict Liability implies the legal responsibility of a person for compensating the injured or aggrieved, even when he or she was not at fault or negligent. Absolute liability arises from inherently hazardous activities like keeping dangerous animals or using explosives." — Explain the doctrine of 'Strict Liability' and 'Absolute Liability' with reference to decided case laws. 20
  4. "Negligence is the breach of a legal duty to take care which results in damage, undesired by the defendant to the plaintiff." (Prof. Winfield.) – Illustrate the statement with decided case laws. 20
  5. "A private citizen may bring a public nuisance action only if he or she can show that he or she has suffered from a harm that can be distinguished from that suffered by the members of the general public."— Explain with decided case laws. 20
  6. Discuss the defences for law of defamation in the Law of Torts. 20
  7. Write a critical note on 'Shifting the liability from Law of Torts to Law of Insurance' with special reference to India. 20
  8. Write an essay on 'Development of Consumer Sovereignty in India and the Role of Judiciary.' 20
-

15/12/2022

LM(II)-Criminology-2C

2022

## CRIMINOLOGY

Second Paper

(Group - C)

Full Marks : 80

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable*

Answer *any four* questions.

1. Discuss in brief the nature, scope and importance of Criminology as a subject. What do you understand by neo-criminology and critical criminology? 20
2. Critically explain the major assumptions of Bio-Anthropological theories of criminal behaviour. 20
3. "There are persons who do not conform to the established norms and traditions prescribed by law. These persons do not adjust themselves within the framework of normal standards of society and are more or less indifferent to societal norms."  
In the light of the above statement examine the 'Sociological Theory' of crime causation citing the views of various sociological jurists. 20
4. Define 'White-Collar Crime'. Discuss the meaning, concept, nature and types of white collar crime with examples. Is there any Green Collar Crime in society? Explain the changing dimensions of white collar crime in contemporary society. Do you think that the present legal system can tackle the serious menace of white collar crimes in India? 20
5. Explain Organised Crime and discuss the main causes for increase of organised crime. Briefly discuss Terrorism and related Organised International Crimes. Discuss the role of the U.N. in reducing these crimes. 20
6. What do you understand by 'Cyber Crimes'? Mention different types of cyber crimes. Do you think that cyber crime against women and children in cyber world needs special focus and attention? What remedy do you suggest to control such types of cyber crime in India? 20
7. Explain the terms : 'Victims', 'Victimization' and 'Victimology'. Discuss the nature and development of victimology. What are main provisions dealing with compensation to victims? 20

Please Turn Over

19/12/2022

LM(II)-Penology-3C

2022

**PENOLOGY**

**Third Paper**

**(Group - C)**

**Full Marks : 80**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

Answer *any four* questions.

1. What are the principal types of sentences under the Indian Penal Code, 1860? Do you think that any reform is required in this regard? – If so, give reasons. 10+10
  2. Discuss the reformatory theory of punishment in Indian perspective. What according to you constitute the most acceptable theory of punishment? 10+10
  3. "Open prison system is a part of Jail Reforms in India."– Analyse. 20
  4. "The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 is a discourse on the discretionary powers of the Court and Judges to grant probation."– Discuss. 20
  5. Write an explanatory note on Parole System in India. Distinguish between Parole and Furlough. 12+8
  6. Critically analyse death penalty and criminal justice in India. 20
  7. "The United Nations has devised comprehensive guidelines on Juvenile Justice" – Critically analyse the statement. Define and enunciate the salient features of the term 'Delinquency'. 10+10
  8. Write short notes on *any two* of the following : 10×2
    - (a) Essentials of an ideal penal system
    - (b) Victims of Immoral Trafficking
    - (c) Transnational crime
    - (d) Rights of Prisoners.
-

21/12/2022

LM(II)-Prin. of Criminal Law-4C

2022

**PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINAL LAW**

**Fourth Paper**

**(Group - C)**

**Full Marks : 80**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

Answer *any four* questions.

20×4

1. Elucidate on the key concepts of the essentials and stages of crime with the help of judicial decisions.
  2. Explain 'Accident in doing a lawful act' as general exception from criminal liability with the help of decided cases.
  3. Critically explain 'theories of punishment'. Discuss the application of Deterrent theory of punishment in Indian perspectives.
  4. Write a note on "waging, or attempting to wage war, or abetting waging of war against the Government of India".
  5. Elaborate the concept of 'Constructive Liability' with the help of provisions of the Indian Penal Code and Judicial Decisions.
  6. Write a note on 'Administration of Criminal Justice in India' with reference to relevant legal provisions and suitable judicial decisions.
  7. Write a critical note on "Doctrine of Mense rea" with decided Case Laws.
  8. "Insanity is a good ground for exemption from criminal liability."— Illustrate with Case Laws.
-